

## **Independent Auditor's Report**

# To the Members of Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu Power Distribution Corporation Limited

## Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

## **Opinion**

- 1. We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu Power Distribution Corporation Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, and total comprehensive income (comprising of profit and other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023.

## **Basis for Opinion**

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## **Emphasis of Matter**

4. We draw your attention to Note 40 to the Financial Statements which describes the 'Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu Electricity (Reorganisation and Reforms) Transfer Scheme, 2022', pursuant to which the assets and liabilities of the electricity distribution and retail undertaking of the Electricity Department of Union Territory of Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu (the 'Electricity Department') and DNH Power Distribution Corporation Limited ('DNH PDCL') as on April 01, 2022, have been transferred to the Company, which have been accounted for at their respective book values as notified in the official gazette. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

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## **Other Information**

5. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

- 6. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 7. In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

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## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

- 8. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
- 9. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:
  - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
    due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
    obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
    The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one
    resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
    misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
  - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
    procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we
    are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate
    internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating
    effectiveness of such controls.
  - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
  - Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
  - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 10. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

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11. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

## Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

- 12. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure B a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 13. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
  - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
  - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
  - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in Annexure A.
  - (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
    - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
    - ii. The Company was not required to recognise a provision as at March 31, 2023 under the applicable law or accounting standards, as it does not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contract. The Company did not have any derivative contracts as at March 31, 2023.
    - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023.

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- iv. (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries (Refer Note 45(b) to the financial statements);
  - (b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries (Refer Note 45(b) to the financial statements); and
  - (c) Based on such audit procedures that we considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
- v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023.
- vi. As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (as amended), which provides for books of account to have the feature of audit trail, edit log and related matters in the accounting software used by the Company, is applicable to the Company only with effect from financial year beginning April 01, 2023, the reporting under clause (g) of Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), is currently not applicable.
- 14. The Company has paid/provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration Number: 012754N / N500016

Hirak Patwa Partner

Membership Number: 128990 UDIN: 23128990BGYVXI7595

Place: Ahmedabad Date: May 22, 2023

Referred to in paragraph 13(f) of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu Power Distribution Corporation Limited on the financial statements for the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023

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# Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements under clause (i) of sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act

1. We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu Power Distribution Corporation Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023.

## Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

2. The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ("the Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

## **Auditor's Responsibility**

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing deemed to be prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- 4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
- We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements.

Referred to in paragraph 13(f) of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu Power Distribution Corporation Limited on the financial statements for the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023

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## Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

6. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

## **Opinion**

8. In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by ICAI.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration Number: 012754N / N500016

Hirak Patwa Partner Membership Number: 128990 UDIN: 23128990BGYVXI7595

Place: Ahmedabad Date: May 22, 2023

Referred to in paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu Power Distribution Corporation Limited on the financial statements as of and for the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023

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- i. (a) (A) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation, of Property, Plant and Equipment.
  - (B) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars of Intangible Assets.
  - (b) The Property, Plant and Equipment are physically verified by the Management according to a phased programme designed to cover all the items over a period of three years which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the programme, a portion of the Property, Plant and Equipment has been physically verified by the Management during the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023 and no material discrepancies have been noticed on such verification. As regards underground distribution systems, we have been informed that the same are not physically verifiable.
  - (c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), as disclosed in Note 4 on Property, plant and equipment and Note 5 on Right-of-use assets to the financial statements, are held in the name of the Company.
  - (d) The Company has chosen cost model for its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) and intangible assets. Consequently, the question of our commenting on whether the revaluation is based on the valuation by a Registered Valuer, or specifying the amount of change, if the change is 10% or more in the aggregate of the net carrying value of each class of Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets does not arise.
  - (e) Based on the information and explanations furnished to us, no proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) (formerly the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988)) and Rules made thereunder, and therefore the question of our commenting on whether the Company has appropriately disclosed the details in its financial statements does not arise.
- ii. (a) The physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the Management during the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023 and, in our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification by Management is appropriate. The discrepancies noticed on physical verification of inventory as compared to book records were not 10% or more in aggregate for each class of inventory.
  - (b) During the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023, the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores, in aggregate from banks and financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and accordingly, the question of our commenting on whether the quarterly returns or statements are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the Company does not arise.

Referred to in paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu Power Distribution Corporation Limited on the financial statements as of and for the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023

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- iii. The Company has not made any investments, granted secured/ unsecured loans/advances in nature of loans, or stood guarantee, or provided security to any parties. Therefore, the reporting under clause 3(iii), (iii)(a), (iii)(b),(iii)(c), (iii)(d), (iii)(e) and (iii)(f) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- iv. The Company has not granted any loans or made any investments or provided any guarantees or security to the parties covered under Sections 185 and 186. Therefore, the reporting under clause 3(iv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits referred in Sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the Act and the Rules framed there under to the extent notified.
- vi. The Central Government of India has not specified the maintenance of cost records under subsection (1) of Section 148 of the Act for any of the products of the Company.
- vii. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company is regular in depositing the undisputed statutory dues, including goods and services tax, provident fund, income tax, cess, and other material statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- viii. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no transactions in the books of account that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023 in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account.
- ix. (a) According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or in the payment of interest to any lender during the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared Wilful Defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
  - (c) According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not obtained any term loans.
  - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.

Referred to in paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu Power Distribution Corporation Limited on the financial statements as of and for the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023

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- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company did not have any subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies during the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company did not have any subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies during the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023.
- x. (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partially or optionally convertible debentures during the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xi. (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company, noticed or reported during the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.
  - (b) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, a report under Section 143(12) of the Act, in Form ADT-4, as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 was not required to be filed with the Central Government. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (c) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, and as represented to us by the management, no whistle-blower complaints have been received during the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023 by the Company. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xii. As the Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it, the reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

Referred to in paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu Power Distribution Corporation Limited on the financial statements as of and for the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023

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- xiii. The Company has entered into transactions with related parties in compliance with the provisions of Section 188 of the Act. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required under Indian Accounting Standard 24 "Related Party Disclosures" specified under Section 133 of the Act. Further, the Company is not required to constitute an Audit Committee under Section 177 of the Act and, accordingly, to this extent, the reporting under clause 3(xiii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiv. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
  - (b) The reports of the Internal Auditor for the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023 under audit have been considered by us.
- xv. The Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the reporting on compliance with the provisions of Section 192 of the Act under clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (b) The Company has not conducted non-banking financial / housing finance activities during the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (d) Based on the information and explanations provided by the management of the Company, the Group has one CICs as part of the Group. We have not, however, separately evaluated whether the information provided by the management is accurate and complete.
- xvii. The Company has not incurred any cash losses during the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023 and accordingly the reporting under clause (xviii) of the Order is not applicable.

Referred to in paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu Power Distribution Corporation Limited on the financial statements as of and for the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023

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- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios (Also refer Note 44 to the financial statements), ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx. The provisions relating to Corporate Social Responsibility under Section 135 of the Act are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xxi. The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of Standalone Financial Statements. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in this report.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration Number: 012754N / N500016

Hirak Patwa Partner

Membership Number: 128990 UDIN: 23128990BGYVXI7595

Place: Ahmedabad Date: May 22, 2023

Dalance Sheet		
as at March 31, 2023		(₹ in Crore)
	Notes	As at
		March 31, 2023
Assets		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment	4	369.76
Right-of-use assets	5	1.54
Capital work-in-progress	6	15.34
Intangible assets	7	0.33
Financial assets	•	0.33
Other financial assets	8	0.14
Total Non-Current assets	J	387.11
Current assets		307.11
Inventories	9	45.26
Financial assets	Ü	45.20
Trade receivables	10	521.18
Cash and cash equivalents	11	20.95
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	12	
Other financial assets	13	0.01
Other current assets	14	332.98
Total Current assets	14	9.39
Total Assets		929.77
Equity and liabilities		1,316.88
Equity		
Equity share capital	15	0.10
Other equity	16	446.23
Liabilities Total Equity		446.33
Non-current liabilities		
Financial liabilities		
Lease liabilities	33	4.00
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	29	1.20
Other non-current liabilities	17	17.07
Total Non-current liabilities	17	0.10
Current liabilities		18.37
Financial liabilities		
Lease liabilities	22	
Trade payables	33	0.43
Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	18	
Total outstanding dues other than micro and small enterprises		4.16
Other financial liabilities	40	430.49
Other current liabilities	19	373.37
Provisions	20	19.53
Current tax liabilities (net)	21	6.49
` '	22	17.71
Total current liabilities		852.18
Total equity and liabilities		1,316.88

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements
In terms of our report attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP

Firm Registration Number: 012754N/N500016

Arun Thirunavukkarasu Director DIN:09584076 Daman, May 22, 2023

Hirak Patwa

Partner

Membership No.: 128990 Ahmedabad, May 22, 2023 Varun Mehta Chairman DIN:07862034 Mumbai, May 22, 2023

# Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu Power Distribution Corporation Limited Statement of profit and loss

for the Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023

(₹ in Crore)

	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	( • . • . • . • . • . • . • . • .
	Notes	Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to
	Notes	March 31, 2023
Income		
Revenue from operations	23	5,985.40
Other income	24	74.58
Total income	<b>2</b> -7	6,059.98
Expenses		
Electrical energy purchased		5,779.56
Employee benefits expense	25	42.78
Finance costs	26	17.67
Depreciation and amortisation expense	27	14.48
Other expenses	28	64.27
Total expenses		5,918.76
Profit before tax		141.22
Tax expense		141.22
Current tax	29	31.25
Deferred tax	29	5.96
		37.21
Profit for the Period		104.01
Other comprehensive income		
•		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		
Remeasurement of the defined benefit plans	34	(1.99)
Tax relating to remeasurement of the defined benefit plans  Other comprehensive income for the Period, net of tax	29	(0.50)
other comprehensive income for the Period, net of tax		(1.49)
Total comprehensive income for the Period		102.52
Basic and diluted earnings per share of face value of ₹10 each (in ₹)	36	10,401.00
See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements		

In terms of our report attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

## For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP

Firm Registration Number: 012754N/N500016

Arun Thirunavukkarasu Director DIN:09584076 Daman, May 22, 2023

Hirak Patwa

Partner Membership No.: 128990 Ahmedabad, May 22, 2023 Varun Mehta Chairman DIN:07862034 Mumbai, May 22, 2023

# Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu Power Distribution Corporation Limited Statement of cash flows

for the Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023

	Notes	(₹ in Crore)  Period commencing  from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation")  to
	110103	March 31, 2023
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit before tax  Adjustments for:		141.22
Depreciation and amortisation expense	27	44.40
Amortisation of deferred revenue	23	14.48
Allowance for doubtful debts	28	7.55
Finance costs	26	17.67
Interest income	24	(5.27)
Operating profit before working capital changes		175.65
Movement in working capital:		
Adjustments for decrease / (increase) in operating assets:		
Inventories		(29.42)
Trade receivables		(28.13) (119.31)
Other financial assets		(172.37)
Other assets		(9.39)
Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities:		(5.55)
Trade payables		97.84
Other financial liabilities		12.52
Provisions		4.50
Other liabilities		19.53
Cash used in operations		(19.16)
Taxes paid (net)		(13.54)
Net cash flow used in operating activities		(32.70)
Cash flow from investing activities		
Payments for property, plant and equipment & intangible assets		(74.22)
Investments in bank deposits (original maturity more than three months)		(0.01)
Interest received		5.27
Net cash used in investing activities		(68.96)
Cash flow from financing activities		
Proceeds from issue of Equity Share Capital		0.10
Proceeds from short-term borrowings from Torrent Power Limited		4,008.50
Repayment of short-term borrowings to Torrent Power Limited		(4,008.50)
Receipt of contribution from consumers		0.10
Principal elements of lease payments		(0.62)
Finance costs paid		(17.51)
Net cash used in financing activities		(17.93)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(119.59)
Cash and cash equivalents transferred pursuant to transfer		(113.33)
scheme [Refer Note 40]		140.54
Cash and cash equivalents as at end of the period		20.95
Non-cash investing activities		
Acquisition of right-of-use assets	5	2.09
		2.09
Footnotes:		
		(₹ in Crore) <b>As</b> at
Cash and cash equivalents as at end of the period:		March 31, 2023
· ·		
Balances with banks  Balance in current accounts		00.05
= 3.3.100 in dailont abouting		20.95
		20.95

# Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu Power Distribution Corporation Limited Statement of cash flows

for the Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023

## Statement of cash flows(Contd.)

- 2 The Statement of cash flows has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' set out in Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) 7 "Statement of Cash Flows".
- 3 Refer Note 40 for Transfer of assets and liabilities as on April 01,2022 pursuant to transfer scheme.

## Net Debt Reconciliation:

(₹ in Crore)

As at March 31, 2023

20.95 (1.63)

19.32

Cash and cash equivalents Lease Liabilities

	Other Assets	Liabilities from Financing Activities
	Cash and cash equivalents	Lease Liabilities
Net Balance as at March 08, 2022		_
Transferred pursuant to transfer scheme (Refer note 40)	140.54	_
Cash flows	(119.59)	0.62
New Lease	- '	(2.09)
Interest Expense	<b></b> .	(0.16)
Net Balance as at March 31, 2023	20.95	(1.63)

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

In terms of our report attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP

Firm Registration Number: 012754N/N500016

Arun Thirunavukkarasu Director DIN:09584076

Daman, May 22, 2023

Hirak Patwa

Partner Membership No.: 128990

Ahmedabad, May 22, 2023

Varun Mehta Chairman DIN:07862034 Mumbai, May 22, 2023

Statement of changes in equity for the Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023 Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu Power Distribution Corporation Limited

(₹ in Crore)

0.10

A. Equity share capital [Refer note 15]

Balance as at March 08, 2022

Changes in equity share capital during the period Balance as at March 31, 2023

B. Other equity [Refer note 16]

				(₹ in Crore)
	Share capital suspense	Reserves and surplus	d surplus	Total
		Capital reserve	Retained earnings	
Balance as at March 08, 2022		1		•
Transferred pursuant to Transfer Scheme [Refer note 40]		355.32		355.32
	l.	355.32		355.32
Deferred tax impact on opening taxable temporary differences [Refer note 29]		(11.61)	1	(11.61)
Profit for the period		•	104.01	104.01
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax	1		(1.49)	(1.49)
Total comprehensive income for the period	•	(11.61)	102.52	90.91
Balance as at March 31, 2023	60 S	343.71	102.52	446.23

Footnote:

Retained earning includes ₹ 1.49 Crore related to re-measurement of defined benefit plans.

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

In terms of our report attached

Arun Thirunavukkarasu

DIN:09584076 · Director

Daman, May 22, 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP

Hirak Patwa

Partner

Ahmedabad, May 22, 2023 Membership No.: 128990

Firm Registration Number: 012754N/N500016

Varun Mehta Chairman DIN:07862034 Mumbai, May 22, 2023

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period from March 08, 2022, to March 31, 2023

## Note 1A: General information

Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu Power Distribution Corporation Limited ("the Company") is a public company, limited by shares, domiciled in India and is incorporated on March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. This being the year of incorporation of the Company, the comparative figures are not applicable.

The registered office of the Company is located at 1st & 2nd Floor, Vidyut Bhavan, Silvassa – 396230.

## Note 1B: New and amended standards adopted by the Company

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs had vide notification dated 23 March 2022 notified Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022 which amended certain accounting standards, and are effective 1 April 2022. These amendments are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

## Note 1C: New and amended standards issued but not effective

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has vide notification dated March 31, 2023, notified Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023 (the 'Rules') which amends certain accounting standards, and are effective April 01, 2023.

The Rules predominantly amend Ind AS 12, Income taxes, and Ind AS 1, Presentation of financial statements. The other amendments to Ind AS notified by these rules are primarily in the nature of clarifications.

These amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the company in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

## Note 2: Significant accounting policies

## 2.1 Basis of preparation:

## Compliance with Ind AS

The financial statements are in compliance, in all material aspects, with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read with the [Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015] and other relevant provisions of the Act and rules made thereunder.

## Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis under the historical cost convention except for following which have been measured at fair value;

## - Defined benefit plan assets

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as set out in the Schedule III (Division II) to the Companies Act, 2013.

## Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period from March 08, 2022, to March 31, 2023

## 2.2 Property, plant and equipment:

All the items of property, plant and equipment held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, are stated in the balance sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Capital work in progress in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes is carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Cost includes purchase price, taxes and duties, labour cost and other directly attributable costs incurred upto the date the asset is ready for its intended use. Such property, plant and equipment are classified to the appropriate categories when completed and ready for intended use.

Subsequent cost are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Subsequent costs relating to day-to-day servicing of the item are not recognised in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment; rather, these costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

## Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value

Depreciation commences when the assets are ready for their intended use. Depreciation for the year is provided on additions/deductions of the assets during the period from/up to the month in which the asset is added/deducted. Depreciation on property, plant and equipment which are governed as per the provisions of Part B of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 is provided on straight line basis using the depreciation rates, the methodology and residual value as notified by the respective regulatory bodies in accordance with the Electricity Act, 2003.

The range of depreciation rates of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Class of assets	Rate of depreciation
Plant and machinery	2.57% to 18%
Electrical fittings and apparatus	6.00%
Furniture and fixtures	6.00%
Vehicles	18.00%
Office equipment	6.00% to 15.00%

## 2.3 Intangible assets:

Computer software is carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Amortisation is recognised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 3 years. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and the effect of any changes in such estimate is accounted for on a prospective basis.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period from March 08, 2022, to March 31, 2023

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

## 2.4 Impairment of assets:

Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are reviewed for impairment losses whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from an asset or cash-generating unit. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

## 2.5 **Borrowing costs:**

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition and construction of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use, such as new projects and / or specific assets created in the existing business, are capitalized up to the date of completion and ready for their intended use.

Other borrowing costs are charged to the statement of profit and loss in the period of their accrual.

## 2.6 Cash and cash equivalents:

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cheques / drafts on hand, current account balances with banks and other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the balance sheet.

## 2.7 Inventories:

Stores and spares and loose tools are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of inventories includes purchase price and all other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Costs are assigned to individual items of inventory on the weighted average basis. Costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

## 2.8 Revenue recognition:

Revenue towards satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured at transaction price and is recognized when the control of the goods or services has been transferred to consumers net of discounts and other similar allowances.

# DADRA AND NAGAR HAVELI AND DAMAN AND DIU POWER DISTRIBUTION CORPORATION LIMITED Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period from March 08, 2022, to March 31, 2023

(i) Revenue from power supply is accounted for in accordance with the principles laid down under the relevant Tariff Regulations/Tariff Orders notified by the Electricity Regulator. Revenue recognised includes amounts billed to consumers on the basis of recording of consumption of energy by installed meters based on the applicable tariff and adjustments in respect of unbilled amounts towards revenue gaps/unapproved Fuel and Power Purchase Cost Adjustment (FPPCA) which are recognised considering applicable tariff regulations/tariff orders, past trends of approval, management's probability estimate and when no significant uncertainty exists in such determination. Revenue from power supply exclude taxes and duties.

These adjustments/accruals are carried forward as "Unbilled revenue" under "Other current financial assets" in Note 13, which would be adjusted through future billing based on tariff determination by the regulator in accordance with the electricity regulations.

(ii) Contributions by consumers towards items of property, plant and equipment, which require an obligation to provide electricity connectivity to the consumers, are recognised as a credit to deferred revenue. Such revenue is recognised over the useful life of the property, plant and equipment.

## 2.9 Foreign currency translation:

## Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are prepared in Indian rupee (₹) which is functional as well as presentation currency of the Company.

## Transactions and balances

In preparing the financial statements of the Company, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Foreign exchange differences arising on foreign currency borrowings are presented in the Statement of profit and loss, within finance costs. All other foreign exchange differences arising on settlement of monetary items or on reporting the Company's monetary items at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the financial year are recognized as income or expense in the financial year in which they arise.

## 2.10 Employee benefits:

## **Defined contribution plans**

Contributions to retirement benefit plans in the form of provident fund, pension scheme and superannuation schemes as per regulations are charged as an expense on an accrual basis when employees have rendered the service. The Company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period from March 08, 2022, to March 31, 2023

## Defined benefits plans

The liability or asset recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension and gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated by an actuary using the projected unit credit method.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of the plan assets. This cost is included in the employee benefit expense in the statement of profit and loss.

Remeasurements, comprising actuarial gains and losses and the effect of the changes to the asset ceiling (if applicable), is reflected immediately in the balance sheet with a charge or credit recognised directly in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur and consequently recognised in retained earnings and is not reclassified to profit or loss.

The retirement benefit recognised in the balance sheet represents the actual deficit or surplus in the Company's defined benefit plans. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of reductions in future contributions to the plans.

## Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The liabilities for earned leave are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. They are therefore measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The benefits are discounted using the market yields at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Remeasurements as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in profit or loss.

The said obligations are presented as current liabilities in the balance sheet if the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

## 2.11 Taxation:

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

## **Current tax**

The tax currently payable is based on estimated taxable income for the year in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expenses that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations for which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and considers whether it is probable that a taxation authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment. The Company measures its tax balances either based on the most likely amount or the expected value, depending on which method provides a better prediction of the resolution of the uncertainty.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period from March 08, 2022, to March 31, 2023

Advance taxes and provisions for current income taxes are offset with each other when there is a legally enforceable right to offset and balances arise with the same tax authority.

## **Deferred** tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority.

Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

## 2.12 Earnings per share:

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit/(loss) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted earnings per share is computed by adjusting the figures used in the determination of basic EPS to take into account:

- After tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares.
- The weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

## 2.13 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets:

## **Provisions**

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period from March 08, 2022, to March 31, 2023

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

## Contingent liability

A possible obligation that arises from past events and the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the enterprise are disclosed as contingent liability and not provided for. Such liability is not disclosed if the possibility of outflow of resources is remote.

## Contingent assets

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity. Contingent assets are not recognised but disclosed only when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

## 2.14 Financial instruments:

## Financial assets

## i) Classification of financial assets (including debt instruments)

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and
- those measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

## ii) Initial measurement

Financial assets (excluding trade receivables) are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition (other than financial assets at fair value through profit or loss) are added to the fair value of the financial assets, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss. Trade receivables which do not contain a significant financing component are measured at transaction price.

# DADRA AND NAGAR HAVELI AND DAMAN AND DIU POWER DISTRIBUTION CORPORATION LIMITED Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period from March 08, 2022, to March 31, 2023

## iii) Subsequent measurement

There are three measurement categories into which the debt instruments can be classified:

## Amortised cost

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in other gains/(losses). Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the statement of profit and loss.

## • Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit and loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other gains / (losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in other gains and losses and impairment expenses in other expenses. The Company currently does not have any debt instruments which are measured at FVOCI.

## Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss and presented net in the statement of profit and loss within other gains / (losses) in the period in which it arises. Net gains / (losses) from these financial assets is included in other income.

## iv) Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its financial assets carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 115, the Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss and always measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses to measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on days past due.

## v) Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Company's balance sheet) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period from March 08, 2022, to March 31, 2023

When the entity has transferred an asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognised. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.

Where the entity has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of financial asset, the financial asset is derecognised if the Company has not retained control over the financial asset. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

## vi) Income recognition

Interest income on financial assets at amortised cost is calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in the statement of profit and loss as part of other income.

Interest on overdue receivables of energy bills and claims are accounted as and when there is a certainty of recovery.

## Financial liabilities

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans, and borrowings.

## i) Classification

All the Company's financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost.

## ii) Initial measurement

Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of financial liabilities are deducted from the fair value of the financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

## iii) Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the Effective Interest Rate Method.

The Effective Interest Rate Method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability.

## iv) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled, or waived off or have expired. An exchange between the Company and the lender of debt instruments with substantially different terms is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period from March 08, 2022, to March 31, 2023

## 2.15 Leases:

## Company as a lessee:

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Company. Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components.

## Lease liabilities:

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the lease payments.

The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs. Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

The lease payments are discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

## Right-of-use assets:

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability and lease payments made before the commencement date.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the lease term on a straight-line basis. Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received.

## Short term leases and leases of low value assets:

Payments associated with short-term leases of equipment and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise small items of office equipment including IT equipment.

## 2.16 **Business Combination:**

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for all business combinations, regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary comprises the

- · fair values of the assets transferred
- liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquired business
- equity interests issued by the group
- fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period from March 08, 2022, to March 31, 2023

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Company recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquired entity's net identifiable assets.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

The excess of the:

- · consideration transferred
- · amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity
- acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquired entity

over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If those amounts are less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the business acquired, the difference is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as capital reserve provided there is clear evidence of the underlying reasons for classifying the business combination as a bargain purchase. In other cases, the bargain purchase gain is recognised directly in equity as capital reserve.

Business combinations are often effected by incorporating a new entity. A new entity formed to effect a business combination is not necessarily the acquirer. In such cases, one of the existing combining entities is determined to be the acquirer in the business combination involving the issuance of equity interests by a newly formed entity. Management would consider the facts and circumstances to determine the acquirer in a business combination transaction.

## 2.17 Amount presented and rounding off:

All amounts in the financial statements and notes have been presented in ₹ Crore (except for share data) rounded to two decimals as per the requirement of Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013, unless otherwise stated. Figures below ₹50,000 are denoted by '\*'.

## Note 3: Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the course of applying the policies outlined in all notes under note 2 above, the management of the Company is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Such estimates and associated assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future period, if the revision affects current and future periods.

## 3.1 Revenue recognition:

The Company has recognised revenue (including the adjustment in respect of unapproved FPPCA claims and other true up adjustment claims) as per the applicable tariff regulations / tariff orders, management's probability estimate and the past trends of approval.

# DADRA AND NAGAR HAVELI AND DAMAN AND DIU POWER DISTRIBUTION CORPORATION LIMITED Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period from March 08, 2022, to March 31, 2023

## 3.2 Employee benefit plans:

## Defined benefit plans and other long-term employee benefits

The present value of obligations under defined benefit plan and other long term employment benefits is determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual development in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary escalations, attrition rate and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, these obligations are highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date. Information about the various estimates and assumptions made in determining present value of defined benefit obligation are disclosed in Note 34.2.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023

Note 4: Property, plant and equipment

As at March 31, 2023

Particulars		Gross	Gross carrying amount	nnt			Accun	Accumulated depreciation	ation		Net carrying amount
	As at March 08, 2022	Transferred pursuant to Transfer Scheme (Refer Note 3 below)	Additions during the period	Deductions during the period	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 08, 2022	Transferred pursuant to Transfer Scheme (Refer Note 3 below)	For the period Deprecation	Deductions during the period	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2023
Plant and machinery	c.	507.18	70.00	-	577.18		197.98	13.41	,	211.39	365.79
Electrical fittings and apparatus	ı	ı	0.37	ı	0.37	•	•	0.01	ı	0.01	0.36
Furniture and fixtures	ı	ı	1.42		1.42	1	1	90.0	•	90.0	1.36
Vehicles	1	1.99	Паўс	ı	1.99	ı	1.51	0.25	1	1.76	0.23
Office equipment	ı	1	2.22	ı	2.22	ı	•	0.20	1	0.20	2.02
Total		509.17	74.01		583.18	2	199.49	13.93		213.42	369.76

# Footnotes:

Capital commitment:

Refer note 31 for disclosure of contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment.

Additions to plant and machinery includes capitalisation of directly attributable costs incurred by the Company under various headings. 7

Assets transferred on April 01, 2022 pursuant to the transfer scheme (Refer Note 40): ന

Darticitae	Gros	Gross carrying amoun	unt	Accu	Accumulated depreciation	ation	Net	Net carrying amount	ıt
Laticalais	DNH PDCL	ED-DD	Total	DNH PDCL	ED-DD	Total	DNH PDCL	ED-DD	Total
Plant and machinery	262.44	244.74	507.18	88.58	109.40	197.98	173.86	135.34	309.20
Vehicles	1.99	•	1.99	1.51	1	1.51	0.48		0.48
Total	264.43	244.74	509.17	60'06	109.40	199.49	174.34	135.34	309.68

The Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment during the current period.

The Company does not hold any immovable properties. 4 7

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023

Note 5: Right-of-use assets

As at March 31, 2023

									(₹ in Crore)
Particulars		Gross carrying amount	ng amount			Accumulated depreciation	depreciation		Net carrying amount
	As at March 08,	Additions during the	Deductions during the	As at March 31,	As at March 08,	For the period	Deductions during the	As at March 31,	As at March 31,
	2022		period	2023	2022				2023
Land		1.7.1	1	1.7.1	1	0.39	1	0.39	1.32
Buildings	,	0.38	I	0.38	•	0.16	t	0.16	0.22
Total		2.09		2.09	•	0.55		0.55	1.54

# Footnotes:

- 1 Refer note 33 for disclosure relating to right-of-use asset.
- 2 The Company has not revalued its right-of-use assets during the current period. 3 The title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the Company during the current period.
- 4 As per the terms of transfer scheme (Refer Note 40), buildings and offices have been given to the Company, on right to use/lease/license basis for a nominal consideration of Re. 1 per month for 11 months. The Company has applied short-term lease exemption for the said lease in accordance with Ind AS 116 'Leases'

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023

## Note 6: Capital work-in-progress

## As at March 31, 2023

(₹ in Crore) **Particulars** As at March 08, Additions Capitalised As at March 31, during the during the 2022 period period 2023 Capital work-in-progress 83.61 68.27 15.34 (Majorly pertains to Plant and machinery) Total 83.61 68.27 15.34

## Footnote:

Refer note 41 for ageing schedule of the capital work-in-progress.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023

Note 7: Intangible assets

As at March 31, 2023

									(₹ in Crore)
Particulars		Gross carrying amount	ng amount			Accumulated amortisation	amortisation		Net carrying amount
	As at March 08,	Additions during the	Deductions during the	As at March 31,	As at March 08,	For the period	Deductions during the	As at March 31,	As at March 31,
	2022		period	2023	2022		period		
Computer software	1	0.33	1	0.33	,	*		1	0.33
Total	1	0.33		0.33		•	1	-	0.33

Footnote: The Company has not revalued its intangible assets during the current period.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023

## Note 8 : Other non-current financial assets

Unsecured (considered good)

(₹ in Crore)
As at
March 31, 2023
0.14
0.14
(₹ in Crore)
As at
March 31, 2023
44.45
0.81
45.26
(₹ in Crore)
As at
March 31, 2023
268.14
253.04
7.55
528.73
7.55

## Footnotes:

- 1 Refer note 39(d) for credit risk related disclosures.
- 2 Refer note 42 for ageing schedule of trade receivables.

Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu Power Distribution Corporation Limited Notes forming part of the financial statements for the Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023

Note 11 : Cash and cash equivalents	
	(₹ in Crore)
<u>}</u>	As at
Balances with banks	March 31, 2023
Balance in current accounts	20.95
	20.95
Note 12 : Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	
	(₹ in Crore)
	As at
	March 31, 2023
Balance in fixed deposit accounts	0.01
(maturity of more than three months but less than twelve months)	
	0.01
Note 13 : Other current financial assets	
Unsecured (considered good unless stated otherwise)	
	(₹ in Crore)
	As at
	March 31, 2023
Unbilled revenue (Including revenue gap/ surplus) [Refer Note 30(a)]	332.35
Other advances / constant	332.35
Other advances / receivables	
Considered good	0.63
	0.63
	332.98
Note 14 : Other current assets	
Unsecured (considered good)	
	(₹ in Crore)
	As at
	March 31, 2023
Advances for goods and services	0.02
Prepaid expenses	9.37
	0.00

9.39

### Note 15: Equity share capital

	(₹ in Crore) <b>As at</b> <b>March 31, 2023</b>
Authorised 1,00,00,000 equity shares of ₹10 each	10.00 10.00
Issued, subscribed and paid up 1,00,000 equity shares of ₹10 each	0.10 0.10

### Footnotes:

1 Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period:

No. of shares As at March 31, 2023

As on March 08, 2022 Subscribed during the period Outstanding as at the end of the period

1,00,000

2 The Company was incorporated on March 08, 2022, with 1,00,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up, amounting to ₹ 0.10 Crore by the Hon'ble Administrator of the Union Territory of Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu ("Holding Entity") through the Hon'ble President of India and nominees.

Share Purchase Agreement (SPA) and Shareholders Agreement (SHA) was entered on March 15, 2022 amongst Holding Entity, Torrent Power Limited and the Company, by which Holding Entity agreed to sell and transfer to successful bidder i.e., Torrent Power Limited and successful bidder i.e., Torrent Power Limited has agreed to purchase from Holding Entity 51,000 equity shares on the terms and conditions contained in Request for Proposal (RFP) and above agreement.

3 Terms / Rights attached to equity shares:

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend, if any, proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

4 Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company:

Name of the Shareholder	As at March 31, 2023		
	No. of shares	% holding	
Torrent Power Limited Hon'ble President of India and nominees	51,000 49,000	51.00% 49.00%	

5 Details of shareholding of Promoters in the Company

### Shares held by promoters at the end of the period As at March 31, 2023

Promoter name	No. of shares	% of total shares	% changes during the period
Torrent Power Limited	51,000	51.00%	
Hon'ble President of India and nominees	49,000	49.00%	

### Note 16: Other equity

	(₹ in Crore)
	As at
	March 31, 2023
Reserves and surplus	
Capital reserve	343.71
Retained earnings	102.52
	446.23
Refer "Statement of changes in equity" for movement in each reserve.	

### Footnotes:

### 1 Capital reserve:

The capital reserve reflects the amount of difference between the assets acquired and liabilities assumed pursuant to the transfer scheme and which was adjusted to the extent of deferred tax impact on taxable temporary differences arising out of assets and liabilities transferred pursuant to the transfer scheme. (Refer Note 40)

### 2 Retained earnings:

The retained earnings reflect the profit of the company earned till date net of appropriations. The amount that can be distributed by the Company as dividends to its equity shareholders is determined based on the balance in this reserve, after considering the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013.

Note 17 : Other non-current liabilities	
	(₹ in Crore)
	As at
	March 31, 2023
Deferred revenue	
Contribution received from consumers [Refer Note 30(b)]	0.10
-	0.10
	3110
Note 18 : Current trade payables	
	(₹ in Crore)
	As at
	March 31, 2023
Trade payables for goods and services	
Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises [Refer Note 32]	4.16
Total outstanding dues other than micro and small enterprises	430.49
•	434.65
Footnote:	404.03
Refer note 43 for ageing schedule of current trade payables	
and the second content and payables	
Note 19 : Other current financial liabilities	
	(₹ in Crore)
	As at
	March 31, 2023
Security deposits from consumers @	190.26
Payables for purchase of property, plant and equipment <sup>^</sup>	15.46
Liability towards Government of India [Refer Note 40]	163.67
Sundry payables (including for employees related payables)	3.98
, p-1/ (molecules for onlyloyood foliated payablog)	3.98
	3/3.3/

<sup>@</sup>Security deposits from consumers in the Company's business, which is in the nature of utility, are generally not repayable within a period of twelve months based on historical experience.

<sup>^</sup> including dues to micro and small enterprises for ₹ 2.66 Crore [Refer note 32]

### Note 20: Other current liabilities

	(₹ in Crore)
	As at
	March 31, 2023
Credit balances of consumers [Refer Note 30(d)]	8.65
Service line deposits from consumers [Refer Note 30(c)]	0.67
Deferred revenue [Refer Note 30(b)]	*
Statutory dues	4.26
Sundry payables	5.95
	19.53
Note 21 : Current provisions	
	(₹ in Crore)
	As at
	March 31, 2023
Provision for employee benefits	,

\$ Provision for compensated absences is disclosed under current provision as the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months however these are generally not repayable within a period of twelve months based on historical experience.

1.22

3.32

1.95 6.49

### Note

Provision for gratuity [Refer Note 34.2(e)]

Provision for pension [Refer Note 34.2(e)]

Provision for compensated absences \$

Crore)
As at , 2023
17.71
17.71
  -  -

### Note 23: Revenue from operations

Revenue from contracts with customers [Refer footnotes below]	(₹ in Crore)  Period commencing from  March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to  March 31, 2023
Revenue from power supply	5,985,85
Less: Discount for prompt payment of bills	4.11
	5,981.74
Other operating income	
Amortisation of deferred revenue	
Contribution received from consumers# [Refer note 30(b)]	*
Hire of meters	2.45
Miscellaneous income	1.21
	3.66
	5,985.40
# Amortisation of deferred revenue are recognised within the scope of Ind AS 115.	

- 1 Disclosure given above presents disaggregated revenue from contracts with customers. The Company believes that this disaggregation best depicts how the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by market and other economic factors.
- 2 Timing of revenue recognition (from contract with customers): Revenue from power supply is recognised over a period 0

### Note

of time.	ipply is recognised over a period
Note 24 : Other income	
	(₹ in Crore)
	Period commencing from
	March 08, 2022 ("date of
	incorporation") to
	March 31, 2023
Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost	
Deposits	*
Consumers	5.27
	5.27
Rebate on prompt payment	66.23
Miscellaneous income	3.08
	74.58
Note 25 : Employee benefits expense	
	(₹ in Crore)
	Period commencing from
	March 08, 2022 ("date of
	incorporation") to
Colorina was and have	March 31, 2023
Salaries, wages and bonus	39.05
Contribution to provident and other funds [Refer Note 34.1]	2.75
Employees welfare expenses Compensated absences	1.98
Gratuity [Refer Note 34.2(f)]	2.19
Gradulty [Neter Note 34.2(1)]	0.93
Less: Allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts #	46.90
2000. Allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts #	4.12
# includes allocated to capital works of ₹ 4.05 Crore	42.78

(₹ in Crore) Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023  Interest expense for financial liabilities measured at amortised cost Security deposits from consumers Lease liabilities Loan from Torrent Power Limited [Refer Note 38] Other borrowing costs Other borrowing costs  T.65  Other 27 : Depreciation and amortisation expense  (₹ in Crore) Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023  Depreciation expense on property, plant and equipment Depreciation expense on right-of-use assets Amortisation expense on intangible assets  Note 28 : Other expenses  (₹ in Crore) Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023  Consumption of stores and spares Rent and hire charges [Refer Note 33(iii)]  Consumption of stores and spares Rent and hire charges [Refer Note 33(iii)]  Repairs to Buildings Plant and machinery Others  Insurance Rates and taxes 0,07 Vohicle running expenses 0,07 Vohicle running expenses 0,07 Vohicle running expenses 0,07 Vohicle running expenses 0,07 Security expenses 0,07 Auditors remuneration [Refer Note 35] Legal, professional and consultancy fees Allowance for doubtful debts Miscellaneous expenses 0,07 Allowance for doubtful debts Miscellaneous expenses 0,07 Miscellaneous expenses	Note 26 : Finance costs	
Interest expense for financial liabilities measured at amortised cost Security deposits from consumers Lease liabilities Loan from Torrent Power Limited (Refer Note 38) Cher borrowing costs Cher borrowing costs T.65 Cher borrowing costs T.67 Note 27 : Depreciation and amortisation expense  (* in Crore) Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to incorporation of incorporation in the property, plant and equipment Depreciation expense on right-of-use assets T.65 Amortisation expense on intangible assets  Note 28 : Other expenses  (* in Crore) Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023  Consumption of stores and spares Rent and hire charges (Refer Note 33(ii))  Repairs to Buildings Plant and machinery Others  Insurance Rates and taxes Vehicle running expenses Rates and taxes Vehicle running expenses Rates and taxes Vehicle running expenses Reter semuneration (Refer Note 35) Legal, professional and consultancy fees Allowance for doubtful debts Miscellaneous expenses Rent S. Allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^ includes allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^ includes allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^ includes allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^ includes allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^ includes allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^ includes allocated to capital works of f Nil Crore		(₹ in Crore)
Interest expense for financial liabilities measured at amortised cost Security deposits from consumers Lease liabilities Loan from Torent Power Limited (Refer Note 38) Other borrowing costs  Conterborrowing costs  Note 27 : Depreciation and amortisation expense  (₹ in Crore) Period commencing from March 31, 2023  Depreciation expense on property, plant and equipment Depreciation expense on right-of-use assets Amortisation expense on intangible assets  Note 28 : Other expenses  Consumption of stores and spares Rent and hire charges [Refer Note 33(iii)]  Repairs to Buildings Plant and machinery Others  Insurance Rates and taxes Rates and taxes Rates and taxes  Rates and taxes  Note 29 : Allovance for doubtful debts Rates and consultancy fees Allovance for doubtful debts Rates Allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^ Aincideas allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^ Aincideas allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^ Aincideas allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^ Aincideas allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^ Aincideas allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^ Aincideas allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^ Aincideas allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^ Aincideas allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^ Aincideas allocated to capital works of ₹ Ni Crore		
Interest expense for financial liabilities measured at amortised cost Security deposits from consumers Lease liabilities Loan from Torrent Power Limited [Refer Note 38] Other borrowing costs  Note 27 : Depreciation and amortisation expense    For incorporation   Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023   Depreciation expense on property, plant and equipment		March 08, 2022 ("date of
Interest expense for financial liabilities measured at amortised cost   Security deposits from consumers   7.65     Lease liabilities   0.16     Loan from Torrent Power Limited [Refer Note 38]   8.28     Other borrowing costs   1.58     T.67     Note 27 : Depreciation and amortisation expense   (₹ in Crore)     Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to march 31, 2023     Depreciation expense on property, plant and equipment   13.93     Depreciation expense on right-of-use assets   0.55     Amortisation expense on intangible assets   14.48     Note 28 : Other expenses   (₹ in Crore)     Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to march 31, 2023     Consumption of stores and spares   (₹ in Crore)     Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to march 31, 2023     Consumption of stores and spares   (₹ in Crore)     Repairs to   Buildings   2.64     Plant and hire charges [Refer Note 33(iii)]   2.64     Plant and machinery   30.64     Plant and machinery   30.65     Consumption of stores and spares   30.87     Insurance   30.87		
Security deposits from consumers		March 31, 2023
Lease liabilities Loan from Tormert Power Limited [Refer Note 38] Cher borrowing costs  Note 27 : Depreciation and amortisation expense  (₹ in Crore) Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023 Depreciation expense on property, plant and equipment Depreciation expense on intangible assets  Depreciation expense on intangible assets  Note 28 : Other expenses  (₹ in Crore) Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023	Interest expense for financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	
Can from Tornert Power Limited [Refer Note 38]   8.28   1.5   1.58   1.58   1.58   1.58   1.58   1.58   1.58   1.58   1.58   1.58   1.58   1.58   1.58   1.58   1.58   1.58   1.58   1.58		7.65
Other borrowing costs         1.58 17.67           Note 27 : Depreciation and amortisation expense         (₹ in Crore) Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023           Depreciation expense on property, plant and equipment Depreciation expense on right-of-use assets         13.93 1.55 Amortisation expense on intangible assets           Note 28 : Other expenses         (₹ in Crore) Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023           Consumption of stores and spares Rent and hire charges (Refer Note 33(ii))         17.06 10.03 17.06		0.16
Title   Titl	Loan from Torrent Power Limited [Refer Note 38]	
Note 27 : Depreciation and amortisation expense   (₹ in Crore)   Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023	Other borrowing costs	
(₹ in Crore)       Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023         Depreciation expense on property, plant and equipment Depreciation expense on right-of-use assets		17.67
(₹ in Crore)       Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023         Depreciation expense on property, plant and equipment Depreciation expense on right-of-use assets	Note 27 : Depreciation and amortisation expense	
Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023  Depreciation expense on property, plant and equipment 13.93 Depreciation expense on right-of-use assets 5.5 Amortisation expense on intangible assets 5.5 Amortisation expenses 6.7 Amortisation expenses 7.7 Amortisation expenses 8.7 Amortisation expense 9.7 Auditors remuneration [Refer Note 35] 9.7 Amortisation expense 9.7 Auditors remuneration [Refer Note 35] 9.7 Amortisation expense		(₹ in Crore)
March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023		
Depreciation expense on property, plant and equipment Depreciation expense on right-of-use assets		
Depreciation expense on property, plant and equipment Depreciation expense on right-of-use assets Amortisation expense on intangible assets         1.55           Amortisation expense on intangible assets         *           (₹ in Crore) Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023           Consumption of stores and spares         17.06           Rent and hire charges (Refer Note 33(ii))         0.37           Repairs to Buildings         2.64           Plant and machinery         30.64           Others         0.59           Insurance         0.39           Rates and taxes         0.07           Vehicle running expenses         0.07           Electricity expenses         0.29           Security expenses         0.29           Auditors remuneration (Refer Note 35)         0.18           Legal, professional and consultancy fees         9.52           Allowance for doubtful debts         7.55           Miscellaneous expenses         8.07           Less: Allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^         14.58           * incurrence         64.27		incorporation") to
Depreciation expense on right-of-use assets Amortisation expense on intangible assets         0.55		March 31, 2023
Depreciation expense on right-of-use assets Amortisation expense on intangible assets         0.55	Depreciation expense on property, plant and equipment	12.02
Amortisation expense on intangible assets  Note 28 : Other expenses  (₹ in Crore) Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023  Consumption of stores and spares Consumption of stores and spares Rent and hire charges [Refer Note 33(ii)]  Repairs to Buildings Plant and machinery Buildings Plant and machinery Buildings Plant and machinery Buildings B	Depreciation expense on right-of-use assets	
(₹ in Crore)		*
(₹ in Crore)         Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023         Consumption of stores and spares       17.06         Rent and hire charges [Refer Note 33(ii)]       17.06         Repairs to         Buildings       2.64         Plant and machinery       30.64         Others       33.87         Insurance       0.39         Rates and taxes       0.07         Vehicle running expenses       0.73         Electricity expenses       0.73         Electricity expenses       0.73         Auditors remuneration [Refer Note 35]       0.18         Legal, professional and consultancy fees       9.52         Allowance for doubtful debts       7.55         Miscellaneous expenses       8.07         Less: Allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^       14.58         A includes allocated to capital works of ₹ Nil Crore		14.48
(₹ in Crore)         Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023         Consumption of stores and spares       17.06         Rent and hire charges [Refer Note 33(ii)]       17.06         Repairs to         Buildings       2.64         Plant and machinery       30.64         Others       33.87         Insurance       0.39         Rates and taxes       0.07         Vehicle running expenses       0.73         Electricity expenses       0.73         Electricity expenses       0.73         Auditors remuneration [Refer Note 35]       0.18         Legal, professional and consultancy fees       9.52         Allowance for doubtful debts       7.55         Miscellaneous expenses       8.07         Less: Allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^       14.58         A includes allocated to capital works of ₹ Nil Crore	N. 4. 00. 00	
Period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023  Consumption of stores and spares 17.06 Rent and hire charges [Refer Note 33(ii)] 0.37  Repairs to Buildings 2.64 Plant and machinery 3.64 Others 0.59  Rates and taxes 0.59 Rates and taxes 0.07 Vehicle running expenses 0.29 Security expenses 0.29 Security expenses 0.73 Electricity expenses 0.75 Auditors remuneration [Refer Note 35] 0.18 Legal, professional and consultancy fees 0.52 Allowance for doubtful debts 7.55 Miscellaneous expenses 0.27  Less: Allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^ 14.58  * includes allocated to capital works of ₹ Nil Crore	Note 28: Other expenses	
March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023  Consumption of stores and spares Rent and hire charges [Refer Note 33(ii)] 0,37  Repairs to Buildings 2,64 Plant and machinery 30,64 Others 0,59  Insurance 0,39 Rates and taxes 0,07 Vehicle running expenses 0,07 Vehicle running expenses 0,07 Security expenses 0,07 Auditors remuneration [Refer Note 35] 0,18 Legal, professional and consultancy fees 1,52 Allowance for doubtful debts 7,55 Miscellaneous expenses 8,07  Less: Allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^ 14,58  fincludes allocated to capital works of ₹ Nil Crore		
incorporation") to March 31, 2023         Consumption of stores and spares       17.06         Rent and hire charges [Refer Note 33(ii)]       0.37         Repairs to       8         Buildings       2.64         Plant and machinery       30.64         Others       0.59         Insurance       0.39         Rates and taxes       0.07         Vehicle running expenses       0.73         Electricity expenses       0.73         Electricity expenses       0.29         Security expenses       0.75         Auditors remuneration [Refer Note 35]       0.18         Legal, professional and consultancy fees       9.52         Allowance for doubtful debts       7.55         Miscellaneous expenses       8.07         Less: Allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^       14.58         * includes allocated to capital works of ₹ Nil Crore       64.27		
March 31, 2023         Consumption of stores and spares Rent and hire charges [Refer Note 33(ii)]       17.06         Repairs to Buildings       2.64         Plant and machinery       30.64         Others       0.59         Insurance       0.39         Rates and taxes       0.07         Vehicle running expenses       0.73         Electricity expenses       0.75         Auditors remuneration [Refer Note 35]       0.18         Legal, professional and consultancy fees       9.52         Allowance for doubtful debts       7.55         Miscellaneous expenses       8.07         Less: Allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^       14.58         ^ includes allocated to capital works of ₹ Nil Crore       64.27		
Consumption of stores and spares       17.06         Rent and hire charges [Refer Note 33(ii)]       0.37         Repairs to       2.64         Buildings       2.64         Plant and machinery       30.64         Others       0.59         Insurance       0.39         Rates and taxes       0.07         Vehicle running expenses       0.73         Electricity expenses       0.29         Security expenses       0.75         Auditors remuneration [Refer Note 35]       0.18         Legal, professional and consultancy fees       9.52         Allowance for doubtful debts       7.55         Miscellaneous expenses       8.07         Less: Allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^       14.58         ^ includes allocated to capital works of ₹ Nil Crore       64.27		
Rent and hire charges [Refer Note 33(ii)]       0.37         Repairs to       2.64         Buildings       2.64         Plant and machinery       30.64         Others       0.59         Insurance       0.39         Rates and taxes       0.07         Vehicle running expenses       0.73         Electricity expenses       0.29         Security expenses       0.75         Auditors remuneration [Refer Note 35]       0.18         Legal, professional and consultancy fees       9.52         Allowance for doubtful debts       7.55         Miscellaneous expenses       8.07         Less: Allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^       14.58         A includes allocated to capital works of ₹ Nil Crore       64.27		
Repairs to       Buildings       2.64         Plant and machinery       30.64         Others       0.59         Insurance       0.39         Rates and taxes       0.07         Vehicle running expenses       0.73         Electricity expenses       0.29         Security expenses       0.75         Auditors remuneration [Refer Note 35]       0.18         Legal, professional and consultancy fees       9.52         Allowance for doubtful debts       7.55         Miscellaneous expenses       8.07         Less: Allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^       14.58         ^ includes allocated to capital works of ₹ Nil Crore       64.27		17.06
Buildings       2.64         Plant and machinery       30.64         Others       0.59         33.87         Insurance       0.39         Rates and taxes       0.07         Vehicle running expenses       0.73         Electricity expenses       0.29         Security expenses       0.75         Auditors remuneration [Refer Note 35]       0.18         Legal, professional and consultancy fees       9.52         Allowance for doubtful debts       7.55         Miscellaneous expenses       8.07         Less: Allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^       14.58         A includes allocated to capital works of ₹ Nil Crore       64.27	Rent and hire charges [Refer Note 33(ii)]	0.37
Buildings       2.64         Plant and machinery       30.64         Others       0.59         33.87         Insurance       0.39         Rates and taxes       0.07         Vehicle running expenses       0.73         Electricity expenses       0.29         Security expenses       0.75         Auditors remuneration [Refer Note 35]       0.18         Legal, professional and consultancy fees       9.52         Allowance for doubtful debts       7.55         Miscellaneous expenses       8.07         Less: Allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^       14.58         A includes allocated to capital works of ₹ Nil Crore       64.27	Repairs to	
Plant and machinery Others  30.64 Others  33.87  Insurance Rates and taxes Rates and taxes Vehicle running expenses Electricity expenses Security expenses Security expenses Auditors remuneration [Refer Note 35] Legal, professional and consultancy fees Allowance for doubtful debts Miscellaneous expenses Less: Allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^  A includes allocated to capital works of ₹ Nil Crore		2.64
Others       0.59         33.87         Insurance       0.39         Rates and taxes       0.07         Vehicle running expenses       0.73         Electricity expenses       0.29         Security expenses       0.75         Auditors remuneration [Refer Note 35]       0.18         Legal, professional and consultancy fees       9.52         Allowance for doubtful debts       7.55         Miscellaneous expenses       8.07         Less: Allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^       14.58         ^ includes allocated to capital works of ₹ Nil Crore       64.27		
Insurance Rates and taxes  Vehicle running expenses  Electricity expenses  Security expenses  Auditors remuneration [Refer Note 35]  Legal, professional and consultancy fees  Allowance for doubtful debts  Miscellaneous expenses  Less: Allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^  **includes allocated to capital works of ₹ Nil Crore*    0.39   0.07   0.07   0.73   0.29   0.75   0.18	Others	
Rates and taxes  Vehicle running expenses  Electricity expenses  Security expenses  Security expenses  Auditors remuneration [Refer Note 35]  Legal, professional and consultancy fees  Allowance for doubtful debts  Miscellaneous expenses  10.07  10.18  1		33.87
Rates and taxes  Vehicle running expenses  Electricity expenses  Security expenses  Security expenses  Auditors remuneration [Refer Note 35]  Legal, professional and consultancy fees  Allowance for doubtful debts  Miscellaneous expenses  10.07  10.18  1	Incurance	
Vehicle running expenses  Electricity expenses  Security expenses  Security expenses  Auditors remuneration [Refer Note 35]  Legal, professional and consultancy fees  Allowance for doubtful debts  Miscellaneous expenses  Tess: Allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^  **includes allocated to capital works of ₹ Nil Crore*  **Nil Crore*  **Nil Crore*  **O.73  0.73  0.75  0.75  0.75  0.18  0.19  0.18  0.		
Electricity expenses Security expenses Auditors remuneration [Refer Note 35] Legal, professional and consultancy fees Allowance for doubtful debts Miscellaneous expenses  Less: Allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^  **includes allocated to capital works of ₹ Nil Crore*  **Includes allocated to capital works of ₹ Nil Crore*  **Includes allocated to capital works of ₹ Nil Crore*  **Includes allocated to capital works of ₹ Nil Crore*  **Includes allocated to capital works of ₹ Nil Crore*		
Security expenses       0.75         Auditors remuneration [Refer Note 35]       0.18         Legal, professional and consultancy fees       9.52         Allowance for doubtful debts       7.55         Miscellaneous expenses       8.07         Less: Allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^       14.58         ^ includes allocated to capital works of ₹ Nil Crore       64.27		
Auditors remuneration [Refer Note 35]  Legal, professional and consultancy fees  Allowance for doubtful debts  Miscellaneous expenses  10.18		
Allowance for doubtful debts  Miscellaneous expenses  Less: Allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^  14.58  ^ includes allocated to capital works of ₹ Nil Crore	Auditors remuneration [Refer Note 35]	
Miscellaneous expenses  8.07  18.85  Less: Allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^  14.58  ^ includes allocated to capital works of ₹ Nil Crore		
Less: Allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^ 14.58  ^ includes allocated to capital works of ₹ Nil Crore		
Less: Allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts ^  14.58  64.27  ^ includes allocated to capital works of ₹ Nil Crore	ivilacellarieous experises	
^ includes allocated to capital works of ₹ Nil Crore	Less: Allocated to capital works, repairs and other relevant revenue accounts A	
^ includes allocated to capital works of ₹ Nil Crore	The state of the s	
	^ includes allocated to capital works of ₹ Nil Crore	

### Note 29: Income tax expense

### (a) Income tax expense recognised in statement of profit and loss

(₹ in Crore)

Period commencing
from March 08, 2022
(date of incorporation)
to March 31, 2023

### **Current tax**

Current tax on profits for the period

31.25

31.25

### Deferred tax (other than that disclosed under OCI)

Decrease / (increase) in deferred tax assets (Decrease) / increase in deferred tax liabilities

(1.97) 7.93

5.96

### Income tax expense

37.21

### (b) Reconciliation of income tax expense

(₹ in Crore)

Period commencing from March 08, 2022 (date of incorporation) to March 31, 2023

Profit before tax

Expected income tax expense calculated using tax rate at 25.168%

141.22 35.54

### Adjustment to reconcile expected income tax expense to reported income tax expense:

Effect of:

Expenditure not deductible under Income Tax Act Income not taxable under Income Tax Act Total expense as per statement of profit and loss

1.67

37.21

The tax rate used for the reconciliations given above is the actual / enacted corporate tax rate payable by corporate entities in India on taxable profits under the Indian tax law.

### (c) Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income

(₹ in Crore)

Period commencing from March 08, 2022 (date of incorporation) to March 31, 2023

### **Deferred tax**

Re-measurement of defined benefit obligation (Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss)

1.99

Income tax expense/(income) recognised in other comprehensive income

(0.50)

Note 29: Income tax expense (Contd.)

### (d) Deferred tax balances

### (1) The following is the analysis of deferred tax assets / (liabilities) presented in the balance sheet

### (2) Movement of deferred tax assets / (liabilities)

Deferred tax assets / (liabilities) in relation to the period ended March 31, 2023

	Opening balance	Pursuant to transfer scheme [Refer note 40]	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in OCI	(₹ in Crore) Closing balance
Deferred tax liabilities					
Property, plant and equipment	-	(11.61)	(7.93)	-	(19.54)
_	-	(11.61)	(7.93)		(19.54)
Deferred tax assets					
Provision for compensated absences	-	-	0.55	_	0.55
Allowance for doubtful debts	-	-	1.90	-	1.90
Others	-		(0.48)	0.50	0.02
_	-	-	1.97	0.50	2.47
_	-	(11.61)	(5.96)	0.50	(17.07)

### Note 30: Revenue from Contracts with Customers

### (a) Unbilled revenue

(1) Revenue from contracts with customers include unbilled revenue towards Fuel and Power Purchase Cost Adjustment claims and other true up adjustments which is recognised considering applicable tariff regulations / tariff orders, and management's probability estimate.

During the period, the Company while calculating the Annual Revenue Requirement, has considered Actual Operation and Maintenance (O&M expenses), as the Company is the new entity which has come into existence pursuant to the transfer scheme (Refer note 40) and meets the criteria for determination of O&M expenses as per the Clause 61.4 of JERC MYT Regulations, 2021.

### (2) Movement in unbilled revenue

	(₹ in Crore)
	As at
	March 31, 2023
Opening balance	-
Add: Balance received pursuant to transfer scheme (Refer Note 40)	160.75
Add: Income accrued during the period as per tariff regulations / orders	991.28
Less: Amount billed during the period to the consumers as per tariff orders	(819.68)
Closing balance	332.35
Disclosed under	
Unbilled revenue [Refer note 13]	332.35
	332.35

### (b) Contribution received from consumers

### (1) Nature of contribution received from consumers

Contributions received from consumers towards property, plant and equipment has been recognised as deferred revenue over its useful life.

### (2) Movement of contribution received from consumers

		(₹ in Crore)
		As at
		March 31, 2023
	Opening balance	-
	Add: Contribution received during the period	0.11
	Less: Amortisation of contribution transferred to statement of profit and loss [Refer note 23]	*
	Closing balance	0.11
	Non-current portion [Refer note 17]	0.10
	Current portion [Refer note 20]	. *
		0.11
(c)	Service line deposit from consumers	
		(₹ in Crore)
		As at
		March 31, 2023
	Opening balance	-
	Add: Received during the period	0.78
	Less: Transferred to contribution received from consumers	(0.11)
	Closing balance [Refer note 20]	0.67

### Footnote:

Service line deposits are collected against the cost of capital work to be carried out for new connection or load extension on application by consumers. On the completion of the work, such contribution is transferred to deferred revenue under the head "other current / non-current liabilities".

Note 30: Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Contd.)

### (d) Credit balance of consumers

(₹ in Crore)

As at March 31, 2023

Opening balance

Add / (less): Adjustment to current billing (net)

8.65

Closing balance [Refer note 20]

8.65

### Note 31: Capital commitments

(₹ in Crore)

As at

March 31, 2023

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for (net of advances)

Property, plant and equipment

30.42

### Note 32: Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act, 2006)

Micro and small enterprises under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act, 2006) have been determined based on the information available with the Company and the required disclosures are given below:

Principal amount remaining unpaid [Refer notes 18 and 19] Interest due thereon	(₹ in Crore) As at March 31, 2023 6.82
appointed day during each accounting year	
) Principal amounts paid to the suppliers beyond the appointed day during the year ) Interest paid under section 16 of the MSMED Act, to the suppliers, beyond the appointed day during the year	-
The amount of interest due and payable for the year (where the principal has been paid but interest under the MSMED Act, 2006 not paid)	
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid [b+d]	
The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23.	
	Interest due thereon The amount of interest paid along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year  Principal amounts paid to the suppliers beyond the appointed day during the year  Interest paid under section 16 of the MSMED Act, to the suppliers, beyond the appointed day during the year  The amount of interest due and payable for the year (where the principal has been paid but interest under the MSMED Act, 2006 not paid)  The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid [b+d] The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a

### Note 33: Leases

This note provides information for leases where the Company is a lessee.

### (i) Amounts recognised in balance sheet

The balance sheet shows the following amounts relating to leases. The company's significant lease arrangements are in respect of Land and Buildings. The arrangements are for a period of 3 to 5 years and are renewable by mutual consent.

### Right-of-use assets

Less than 1 year

5 years and above

Total

Between 1 year and 5 years

		(₹ in Crore)	
	Notes	As at	
		March 31, 2023	
Land	5	1.32	
Buildings	5	0.22	
Total		1.54	
Lease liabilities			
Ecase nabilities		(₹ in Crore)	
		(< III Crore) As at	
		March 31, 2023	
Current		0.43	
Non-current		1.20	
Total		1.63	
(ii) Amounts recognised in the statement of profit and loss			
The statement of profit or loss shows the following amounts relating to leases:			
		(₹ in Crore)	
		Period commencing	
	Mata	from March 08, 2022	
	Notes	(date of incorporation)	
		to March 31, 2023	
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets	27	0,55	
Interest expense (included in finance costs)	26	0.16	
Expense relating to short-term leases (included in other expenses)	28	0.37	
Total		1.08	
700 AA 4 101			
(iii) Maturities of lease liabilities			
As at March 31, 2023:			
			(₹ in Crore
		Non-current lease	Current lease
Less than 1 year		liabilities	liabilities

Crore)

0.54

0.54

1.43

1.43

(iv) The total cash outflow for leases for the period was ₹ 0.99 Crore.

### Note 34: Employee benefit plans

### 34.1 Defined contribution plan

The Company has defined contribution retirement benefit plans for its employees.

The Company's contributions to provident fund, pension scheme and superannuation scheme are made to the relevant government authorities as per the prescribed rules and regulations. The Company's superannuation scheme for qualifying employees is administered through its various superannuation trust funds. The Company's contributions to the above defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expenses in the statement of profit and loss for the year in which they are due. The Company has no further obligation in respect of such plans beyond the contributions made.

The Company's contribution to provident, pension, and superannuation funds aggregating to ₹ 2.75 Crore has been recognised in the statement of profit and loss under the head employee benefits expense [Refer note 25].

### 34.2 Defined benefit plans

### (a) Gratuity

The Company operates through various gratuity trusts, a plan, covering all its employees. The benefit payable is the greater of the amount calculated as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 or the Company scheme applicable to the employee. The benefit vests upon completion of five years of continuous service and once vested it is payable to employees on retirement or on termination of employment. The gratuity benefits payable to the employees are based on the tenure of employee's service and last drawn salary at the time of leaving. The employees do not contribute towards this plan and the full cost of providing these benefits are met by the Company. In case of death while in service, the gratuity is payable irrespective of vesting.

The Company makes annual contribution to the gratuity schemes administered by the Life Insurance Corporation of India through its various Gratuity Trust Funds. The liability in respect of plan is determined on the basis of an actuarial valuation.

### (b) Pension benefits

The Company operates defined benefit pension plan, covering eligible employees transferred-in pursuant to transfer scheme (Refer note 40). The plan provides benefits to members in the form of a guaranteed pension payable for life. The benefits provided depends on members' length of service and their last drawn salary in the final years leading up to retirement.

The company funds the pension liability through trustee-administered funds. The employees do not contribute towards this plan and the full cost of providing these benefits are met by the Company. The Company makes contribution to the pension schemes administered by the Life Insurance Corporation of India through Pension Trust Funds for employees joined on or before 31st December 2003. In case of certain employees transferred, which were hired on or after 1 January 2004 are eligible for the Pension benefit only on account of death or disability while in service. The liability in respect of plan is determined on the basis of an actuarial valuation and it is funded.

### Risk exposure to defined benefit plans

The plans typically expose the Company to actuarial risks such as: asset volatility, interest rate risk, longevity risk and salary risk as described below:

### Asset volatility

The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate which is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on Indian government securities; if the return on plan asset is below this rate, it will create a plan deficit.

### Interest risk

A decrease in the bond interest rate will increase the plan liability; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's debt investments.

### Longevity risk

The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality of plan participants both during and after their employment. An increase in the life expectancy of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.

### Salary risk

The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.

The most recent actuarial valuation of the plan assets and the present value of the defined benefit obligation was carried out at March 31, 2023. The present value of the defined benefit obligation, and the related current service cost, were measured using the projected unit credit method.

### (d) Significant assumptions

The principal assumptions used for the purpose of the actuarial valuation were as follows.

	Gratuity As at March 31, 2023	Pension As at March 31, 2023
Discount rate (p.a.) Salary escalation rate (p.a.)	7.57% 8.50% & 7.50%	7.53% 7.50%

### Note 34: Employee benefit plans(Contd.)

### (e) The amount included in the balance sheet arising from the Company's obligation in respect of its defined benefit plans is as follows:

Balances of defined benefit plans	<b>Gratuity</b> (₹ in Crore)	Pension (₹ in Crore)
	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2023
Present value of funded defined benefit obligation	19.75	27.81
Fair value of plan assets	18.53	25.86
Net (asset) / liability [Refer note 21]	1.22	1.95

### (f) Expenses recognised for defined benefit plan and movement of plan assets and liabilities

Following are the amounts recognised in statement of profit and loss, other comprehensive income, movement in defined benefit liability and movement in plan assets:

movement in plan assets.		
	(₹ in Crore)	(₹ in Crore)
	Funded plan- Gratuity	Funded plan- Pension
8	As at	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
(1) Movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligation:		,
Obligation at the beginning of the period	-	-
Current service cost	0.93	0.25
Interest cost	1.43	1.87
Actuarial (gains) / losses arising changes in financial assumptions	1.23	1.40
Actuarial (gains) / losses from experience adjustments	(1.89)	(0.65)
Transfer pursuant to transfer scheme [Refer note 40]	14.86	24.94
Liability transferred in	4.35	
Benefits paid	(1.16)	_
Obligation at the end of the year	19.75	27.81
	10110	27.01
(2) Movements in the fair value of the plan assets:		
Transfer pursuant to transfer scheme [Refer note 40]	14.86	24.94
Transferred in	4.35	
Interest income	1.43	1.87
Return on plan assets (excluding interest income)	(0.95)	(0.95)
Benefits paid	(1.16)	(0.55)
Plan assets at the end of the year, at fair value	18.53	25.86
	10.00	23.00
(3) Cost recognized in the statement of profit and loss		
Current service cost	0.93	0.25
Net gratuity cost recognized in the statement of profit and loss [Refer note 25]	0.93	0.25
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		0.23
/D = - / // /		
(4) Gratuity and pension cost recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI)		
Return on plan assets (excluding interest income)	0.95	0.95
Actuarial (gains) / losses	(0.66)	0.75
Net (income) / expense for the period recognized in OCI	0.29	1.70
· -		1.70

Total cost recognized in OCI amounting ₹ 1.99 Crore.

### (g) Category wise plan assets

Contributions to fund the obligations under the gratuity plan are made to the Life Insurance Corporation of India.

### (h) Sensitivity analysis

Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined obligation are discount rate and expected salary increase. The sensitivity analysis given below have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant.

### Note 34: Employee benefit plans(Contd.)

	(₹ in Crore)	(₹ in Crore)
	Gratuity	Pension
Change in assumptions	As at	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Increase / (decrease) in defined benefit obligation of gratuity		
50 basis points increase in discount rate	(0.95)	(1.23)
50 basis points decrease in discount rate	`1.03́	1.46
50 basis points increase in salary escalation rate	0.91	1.22
50 basis points decrease in salary escalation rate	(0.87)	(0.81)

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation liability recognised in the balance sheet.

- (i) The weighted average duration of the gratuity plan based on average future service is 18 years. The weighted average duration of the pension plan based on average future service is 30 years.
- (j) Expected contribution to the gratuity plan for the next annual reporting period is ₹ 2.08 Crore and to the pension plan is ₹ 1.32 Crore.

### (k) Cash flow projection from the fund

Projected benefits payable in future years from the date of reporting

	Funded Plan - Gratuity	Funded Plan - Pension
	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2023
1st following year	1.29	2.38
2nd following year	3.64	0.23
3rd following year	1.11	2.26
4th following year	1.40	2.78
5th following year	2.03	3.60
Sum of years 6 <sup>th</sup> to 10 <sup>th</sup>	8.72	13.65

### 34.3 Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The leave obligation covers the Company's liability for earned leave. Under these compensated absences plans, leave encashment is payable to all eligible employees on separation from the Company due to death, retirement or resignation; at the rate of daily last drawn salary, multiplied by leave days accumulated as at the end of relevant period. Refer note 21 and 25 for the leave encashment provision/charge in the balance sheet and statement of profit and loss.

### Note 35: Auditors remuneration (including taxes)

	Period commencing from March 08, 2022 (date of incorporation) to March 31, 2023
As Audit fees	0.18
	0.18

### Note 36: Earnings per share

Period commencing from March 08, 2022 (date of incorporation) to March 31, 2023

Basic earnings per share (₹)
Diluted earnings per share (₹)

10,401.00 10,401.00

### Basic and diluted earnings per share

The earnings and weighted average number of equity shares used in the calculation of basic earnings per share are as follows:

Period commencing from March 08, 2022 (date of incorporation) to March 31, 2023

Profit for the period commencing from March 08, 2022 (date of incorporation) to March 31, 2023 used in calculation of basic earning per share (₹ in Crore)

104.01

Weighted average number of equity shares

1,00,000

The Company does not have any dilutive potential ordinary shares and therefore diluted earnings per share is the same as basic earnings per share.

### Note 37: Operating segments

The Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) evaluates the Company's performance and applies the resources to whole of the Company's business viz. Distribution of Power as an integrated utility. Hence the Company does not have any reportable segment as per Ind AS - 108 "Operating Segments".

The Company's operations are wholly confined within India and as such there is no reportable geographical information.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023 Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu Power Distribution Corporation Limited

Note 38: Related party disclosures

# (a) Names of related parties and description of relationship:

7	10000	Hon'ble President of India and nominees (upto March 14, 2022) [Refer note 15(2)]
-	rafell	Torrent Power Limited (w.e.f. March 15, 2022)
2	Ultimate Parent Company	Torrent Investments Private Limited
8	Employee benefits plans*	1) DNHDD PDCL Employees' Group Gratuity Trust 2) DNHDD PDCL Employees' Superannuation Trust 3) ED-DD and DNHPDCL Superannuation Pension Trust 4) ED-DD and DNHPDCL Gratuity Trust 5) ED-DD and DNHPDCL Leave Encashment Trust.
4	Key management personnel	Shailendrasingh Negi (w.e.f March 30, 2022)
		Sudhir Prasad (w.e.f. March 15, 2022)
		Gaurav Rajawat (w.e.f. March 08, 2022)
L	N S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	Varun Mehta (w.e.f. March 15, 2022)
o 	Non-executive directors	Mekala Chaitanya Prasad (w.e.f. July 19, 2022)
		Tapasya Raghav (w.e.f. March 08, 2022 upto March 15, 2022)
		Mohit Mishra (w.e.f. March 08, 2022 upto March 15, 2022)
9	Enterprises controlled by the Parent*	TCL Cables Private Limited, Torrent Power Grid Limited
*	* where transactions have taken place	* where transactions have taken place during the period or where balances are outstanding at the period end.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023 Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu Power Distribution Corporation Limited

Note 38: Related party disclosures (Contd.)

21.73 18.33 3.40 (5.79)(5.76)(0.03) **0.76 3.06** 3.06 (₹ in Crore) Period from March 08, 2022 to 4,008.50 (4,008.50)4,008.50) 0.10 4,008.50 461.71 461.71 March 31, 2023 Total (5.76) 3.23 3.23 18.33 3.40 (5.79)Period from March 08, 2022 to 21.73 (0.03)Parent / enterprises controlled 4,008.50 (4,008.50)(4,008.50)461.71 4,008.50 461.71 March 31, 2023 by the Parent 0.76 Key management personnel / Period from March 08, 2022 to 9.70 non-executive directors March 31, 2023 Period from March 08, 2022 to 3.06 3.06 **Employee benefits plans** March 31, 2023 DNHDD PDCL Employees' Group Gratuity Trust Contribution to employee benefit plans (net) ransfer of gratuity/leave liability from Hon'ble President of India and nominees Utilisation of non-fund based limit of (b) Related party transactions Managerial Remuneration@ TCL Cables Private Limited Forrent Power Grid Limited **Expenses Reimbursed** Nature of transactions Purchase of Materials Forrent Power Limited **Forrent Power Limited Forrent Power Limited Torrent Power Limited Forrent Power Limited** Torrent Power Limited **Forrent Power Limited** Shailendrasingh Negi nterest Payment Shares Issued oans Repaid -oans taken

# (c) Key management personnel compensation

Short term

yee benefit	ı	0.76	•	0.76

<sup>@</sup> excluding provision for gratuity and leave encashment, insurance premium for group personal accident and group mediclaim.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023 Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu Power Distribution Corporation Limited

(₹ in Crore)

Note 38: Related party disclosures (Contd.)

(d) Related party balances				(₹ in
	9		Parent / enterprises controlled by the Parent	Total
	As at	As at	As at	As at
	rch 31, 2023	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Balances at the end of the year				en draktive at beda en ha data di da dra draktiva en beda da den karaktiva da bela de karaktiva karaktiva da d
Current liabilities	3		11.56	
TCL Cables Private Limited			11.56	
Transfer of gratuity/leave liability to / (from)			99.0	
Torrent Power Limited		1	0.63	
Torrent Power Grid Limited			0.03	
Utilisation of non-fund based limit of	ı		461.71	7
Torrent Power Limited			461.71	7

**11.56** 11.56 **0.66** 

0.63 0.03 **461.71** 461.71

# (e) Terms and conditions of outstanding balances

The transactions with related parties are made in the normal course of business on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured.

# Footnote:

Loans taken from Torrent Power Limited carries interest rate of 7.65% p.a.

### Note 39: Financial instruments and risk management

### (a) Capital management

The Company manages its capital structure in a manner to ensure that it will be able to continue as a going concern while optimising the return to stakeholders through the appropriate debt and equity balance.

The Company's capital structure is represented by equity (comprising equity share capital, retained earnings, other reserves and debt).

The Company's management reviews the capital structure of the Company on an annual basis. As part of this review, the management considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. As at March 31, 2023, the Company does not have any outstanding debt.

### Gearing ratio

The gearing ratio at end of the reporting period is as follows.

(₹ in Crore) As at March 31, 2023

Debt
Total equity
Debt to equity ratio

439.07 Not Applicable

Footnotes:

### (b) Categories of financial instruments

(₹ in Crore)

		( \	
	As at March 31, 2023		
	Carrying value	Fair value	
Financial assets			
Measured at amortised cost			
Cash and cash equivalents	20.95	20.95	
Bank balance other than cash and			
cash equivalents	0.01	0.01	
Trade receivables	521.18	521.18	
Other financial assets	333.12	333.12	
-	875.26	875.26	
Financial liabilities			
Measured at amortised cost			
Trade payables	434.65	434.65	
Other financial liabilities	373.37	373.37	
	808.02	808.02	

### Footnotes:

The carrying amounts of trade receivables, trade payables, Other financial assets, Other financial liabilities, cash and cash equivalents and Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature.

### (c) Fair value measurement

The fair value hierarchy is based on inputs to valuation techniques that are used to measure fair value that are either observable or unobservable and consists of the following three levels:

Level 1: Inputs are Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or

indirectly observable.

Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

<sup>1</sup> Total equity is defined as equity share capital + all reserves + deferred tax liabilities - deferred tax assets - intangible assets.

### Note 39: Financial instruments and risk management

### (d) Financial risk management objectives

The Company's principal financial liabilities, comprise trade and other payables, employee related payables, security deposits from consumers and Liability towards Government of India. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations, routine and projects capital expenditure. The Company's principal financial assets include trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents that derive directly from its operations.

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks viz credit risk, liquidity risk etc. The Company's primary focus is to foresee the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimize potential adverse effects on its financial performance. The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. It advises on financial risks and the appropriate financial risk governance framework for the Company.

Torrent Power Limited currently provides necessary working capital to the Company.

### Credit risk

Trade receivables:

### (1) Exposures to credit risk

The Company is exposed to the counterparty credit risk arising from the possibility that counterparties might fail to comply with contractual obligations. This exposure may arise with regard to unsettled amounts.

### (2) Credit risk management

Credit risk is managed and limited in accordance with the type of transaction and the creditworthiness of the counterparty. The Company has established criteria for admission, approval systems, authorisation levels, exposure measurement methodologies, etc. The concentration of credit risk is limited due to the fact that the customer base is large. None of the customers accounted for more than 10% of the receivables and revenue for the period ended March 31, 2023. The Company is dependent on the domestic market for its business and revenues.

The Company's credit policies and practices with respect to distribution areas are designed to limit credit exposure by collecting security deposits prior to providing utility services or after utility service has commenced according to applicable regulatory requirements.

### (3) Other credit enhancements

The Company collects the security deposits in the form of Cash or Bank guarantee, considering the relevant electricity regulations to cover its credit risks associated with its trade receivables

### (4) Age of receivables and expected credit loss

The Company has used a practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables. The provision has been calculated by taking into account historical credit loss experienced and adjusted for forward - looking information. The expected credit loss allowance is based on ageing of the days the receivables are due. Trade receivable balances mainly comprise of outstanding from Industrial consumers wherein the credit period provided to such consumers is 15 days. Based on the historical trend the same is collected well within the credit period and hence there is low credit risk of default.

The age of receivables and provision at the end of the reporting period is as follows.

### As at March 31, 2023

Gross trade receivables	(₹ in Crore) Allowance for doubtful debt
523.34	4.67
5.39	2.88
<b>-</b>	
528.73	7.55
(₹ in Crore)	
Period commencing from	
March 08, 2022 (date of	
incorporation) to March	
31, 2023	
-	
7.55	
7.55	
	523.34 5.39  528.73  (₹ in Crore)  Period commencing from March 08, 2022 (date of incorporation) to March 31, 2023  7.55

The concentration of credit risk is very limited due to the fact that the customer base is large and widely dispersed and secured with security deposit.

### Other financial assets:

The Company is having balances in cash and cash equivalents, term deposits with scheduled banks with high credit rating and hence perceive low credit risk of default. The recoverable amount of unbilled revenue and revenue gap/surplus perceives low credit risk of default considering applicable tariff regulations / tariff orders, management's probability estimate and the past trends of approval.

### Note 39: Financial instruments and risk management

### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are required to be settled by delivering the cash or another financial asset. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, and unused working capital facilities from parent company, by continuously monitoring projected / actual cash flows.

### Maturities of financial liabilities:

The Company's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods is given below. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Company can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows. The contractual maturity is based on the earliest date on which the Company may be required to pay.

### As at March 31, 2023

	Less than 1 year	Between 1 year and 5 years	(₹ in Crore) <b>Total</b>
Financial liabilities			
Non current financial liabilities			
Lease liabilities		1.43	1.43
	-	1.43	1.43
Current financial liabilities			
Lease liabilities	0.54		0.54
Trade payables	434.65	-	434.65
Other financial liabilities	373.37	-	373.37
	808.56		808.56
Total financial liabilities	808.56	1.43	809.99

### Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu Power Distribution Corporation Limited

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023

### Note 40: Transfer of Electricity Distribution Business to the Company

The Electricity Department of Union Territory of Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu ("ED-DD") has been undertaking the functions of purchase, transmission, distribution, and retail supply of electricity in the Daman and Diu Districts and DNH Power Distribution Corporation Limited ("DNH PDCL") has been undertaking the functions of purchase, transmission, distribution, and retail supply of electricity in the Dadra and Nagar Haveli District.

The Hon'ble Administrator of the Union Territory of Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu (the "Government"), having been satisfied with the necessity to corporatize the electricity Distribution Licensee business of the Electricity Department and to consolidate the distribution business in the Union Territory of Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu into a single company, including the electricity distribution business of DNH PDCL, has incorporated the Company.

The Government, in exercise of powers conferred to it vide Notification No. U-11030/2/2003-UTL dated 22nd June, 2004, by Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India and under Section 131, 133 and 134 of the Electricity Act, 2003, has notified on 9th March 2022 a transfer scheme namely The Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu Electricity (Reorganisation and Reforms) Transfer Scheme, 2022 ("transfer scheme") for providing and giving effect to the transfer of the electricity functions together with the assets, liabilities, interests, rights, functions, obligations, proceedings and personnel of distribution and retail undertaking of the Electricity Department and DNH PDCL to the Company. The Government has notified the effective date of transfer as April 01, 2022 for the purpose on implementation of the transfer scheme.

The Company shall be deemed to be a distribution licensee for undertaking the activities of electricity distribution and retail supply in the Union Territory of Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu for a period of 25 years from the April 01, 2022.

The electricity functions together with the assets, liabilities, interests, rights, functions, obligations, proceedings and personnel of distribution and retail undertaking of the Electricity Department and DNH PDCL has been transferred as per the Transfer Scheme. As required by Transfer Scheme UT Govt has notified the Final Opening Balance Sheet of the Company as on April 01, 2022, vide Notification No. 1(FTS-157989) DNHPDCL/CS/02/2022/1061 dated March 31, 2023 as abstracted below:

Particulars	DNH PDCL-Part of DNHDDPDCL	DDED-Part of DNHDDPDCL	Total	
Assets				
Non-Current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	174.34	135.34	309.68	
Total Non-Current Assets (I)	174.34	135.34	309.68	
Current Assets				
Inventories	7.53	9.60	17.13	
Financial Assets		0.00	11.10	
Trade Receivables	314.16	95.26	409.42	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	59.73	80.81	140.54	
Others (i.e., Unbilled FPPCA)	52.28	108.47	160.75	
Total Current Assets (II)	433.70	294.14	727.84	
Total Assets (I+II)	608.04	429.48	1,037.52	
Non-current Liabilities				
Financial liabilities				
Other financial liabilities	83.88	97.84	181.72	
Total Non-Current Liabilities (III)	83.88	97.84	181.72	
Current Liabilities				
Financial Liabilities				
Trade and Other payables				
of Micro and Small	-		_	
of Other than Micro and Small	289.14	47.67	336.81	
Liability towards Government of India		163.67	163.67	
Total Current Liabilities (IV)	289.14	211.34	500.48	
Total Liabilities (III+IV)	373.02	309.18	682.20	
Net Assets (Total Assets - Total Liabilities)	235.02	120.30	355.32	

The above assets and liabilities have been accounted at their respective book values as on April 01, 2022, as notified in the official gazette, since, the Company has been incorporated for the purpose of implementing the transfer scheme.

Considering that the Company has taken over the assets and liabilities as at April 01, 2022, through a transfer scheme, the net deferred tax liability aggregating to ₹ 11.61 Crore related to the taxable temporary differences arising out of the above transfer has been recognised by the Company as on April 01, 2022.

In accordance with the transfer scheme, to serve the liabilities for servicing of terminal benefits of employees who have been transferred to the Company, trusts namely 1) ED-DD and DNHPDCL Superannuation Pension Trust; 2) ED-DD and DNHPDCL Gratuity Trust and; 3) ED-DD and DNHPDCL Leave Encashment Trust, have been established and funded by the UT Govt with an amount of ₹ 24.94 Crore, ₹ 14.86 Crore and ₹ 3.85 Crore, respectively.

### Note 41: Ageing schedule for capital work-in-progress

As at March 31, 2023

	Amount in CWIP for a period of						
CWIP			More than 3 years	Total			
Projects in progress	15.34				15.34		
Projects temporarily suspended		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		10.54		
Total	15.34	<u> </u>			15.34		

### Footnote:

There are no capital work-in-progress whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan.

Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu Power Distribution Corporation Limited

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023

### Note 42: Ageing schedule for Trade Receivables

### Trade receivables:

As at March 31, 2023

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
Particulars	Not due*	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed Trade receivables							
- considered good	499.38	19.29	2.51	_			521.18
- which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- credit impaired	<del>-</del> -	4.67	2.88	-	-	_	7.55
Disputed Trade receivables							
- considered good	(*)	- 1					
- which have significant increase in credit risk	~	-	-	-	-	-	-
- credit impaired		-		-	-	-	
Total	499.38	23.96	5.39			_	528.73

<sup>\*</sup>it pertains to amount billed subsequent to the period end.

### Note 43: Ageing schedule for Trade Payables

### Trade payables:

As at March 31, 2023

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
Particulars	Unbilled Not due Less than 1 1-2 years 2-3 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total			
Undisputed dues							
- Micro and small enterprises	0.53	3.63		_	_		4.16
- Others	0.63	429.70	0.16		-	-	430.49
Disputed dues							
- Micro and small enterprises		-		_	_		
- Others		= 1				-	
Total	1.16	433.33	0.16				434.65

### Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu Power Distribution Corporation Limited

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the period commencing from March 08, 2022 ("date of incorporation") to March 31, 2023

Note 44: Financial Ratios

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	As at March 31, 2023
(a) Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilites	1.09
(b) Debt-Equity Ratio	Total Debt	Shareholder's Equity	#
(c) Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Profit after tax + Deferred tax + Depreciation and amortisation + Interest on debt	Principal repayment of debt (excluding voluntary prepayments if any) + Interest on debt + Lease payment	#
(d) Return on Equity Ratio	Profit for the period	Shareholder's Equity	22.44%
Shareholder's Equity = Share Capital +	Reserves and surplus + Deferred Tax I	ability (net) - Deferred Tax assets (net)	
(e) Inventory turnover Ratio	Revenue from operations	Total inventories	132.24
(f) Trade Receivables turnover Ratio	Revenue from operations	Total trade receivables	11.48
(g) Trade Payables turnover Ratio	Electrical energy purchased + Consumption of stores and spares	Total trade payables	13.34
(h) Net capital turnover Ratio	Revenue from operations	Current assets - (Current Liabilities - Security deposits from consumers - Service line deposits from consumers - Deferred revenue)	22.29
(i) Net profit Ratio	Profit for the period	Revenue from operations	1.74%
(j) Return on Capital employed	Profit before tax + Finance costs	Share Capital + Reserves and surplus + Deferred Tax liability (net) - Deferred Tax assets (net)	34.29%
		()	

<sup>#</sup> The Company does not have any debt outstanding as at March 31, 2023 Note: This is the year of incorporation of the Company.

### Note 45: Additional regulatory information required by Schedule III

- (a) The Company does not hold any interest in subsidiary, associate and joint venture during the period ended March 31, 2023.
- (b) During the period ended March 31, 2023, the Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Intermediary shall:
  - a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
  - b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.

During the period ended March 31, 2023, the Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:

- a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- b) provide any guarantee, security, or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.
- (c) The Company has not invested or traded in Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency during the current period.
- (d) No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder during the current period.
- (e) The company has not been declared as a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution in accordance with the guidelines on wilful defaulters issued by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) during the current period.
- (f) During the period ended March 31, 2023, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed as income any transactions not recorded in the books of accounts in the course of tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
- (g) There are no charges or satisfaction which are yet to be registered with the Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period.
- (h) The Company does not have any borrowings from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets.
- (i) The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current period.
- (j) The provisions relating to Corporate Social Responsibility under Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company for the current period.
- (k) The Company does not have any transaction with Companies struck-off under Section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or Section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956, during the period ended March 31, 2023.

### Note 46: Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved for issue by the board of directors on May 22, 2023.

### Signature to Note 1 to 46

In terms of our report attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP

Firm Registration Number: 012754N/N500016

Arun Thirunavukkarasu Director DIN:09584076 Daman, May 22, 2023

Hirak Patwa

Partner

Membership No.: 128990 Ahmedabad, May 22, 2023 Varun Mehta Director DIN: 07862034

Mumbai, May 22, 2023