

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Torrent Saurya Urja 2 Private Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

- 1. We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Torrent Saurya Urja 2 Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, and total comprehensive income (comprising of loss and other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act . Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

4. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Torrent Saurya Urja 2 Private Limited Report on Audit of the Financial Statements Page 2 of 6

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

- 5. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 6. In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

7. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Torrent Saurya Urja 2 Private Limited Report on Audit of the Financial Statements Page 3 of 6

- 8. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
 obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for
 one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
 misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Other Information

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act,
 we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate
 internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the
 operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 9. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

10. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure B a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Torrent Saurya Urja 2 Private Limited Report on Audit of the Financial Statements Page 4 of 6

- 11. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A".
 - (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - ii. The Company was not required to recognise a provision as at March 31, 2023 under the applicable law or accounting standards, as it does not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contract. The Company did not have any derivative contracts as at March 31, 2023.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended March 31, 2023.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Torrent Saurya Urja 2 Private Limited Report on Audit of the Financial Statements Page 5 of 6

- iv. (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries (Refer Note 29(k) to the financial statements);
 - (b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries (Refer Note 29(l) to the financial statements); and
 - (c) Based on such audit procedures that we considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
- v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year.
- vi. As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (as amended), which provides for the feature of recording of audit trail (edit log) facility in the accounting software used by the Company for maintenance of books of account and related matters, is applicable for the Company only with effect from financial year beginning April 1, 2023, the reporting under clause (g) of Rule 11 is currently not applicable.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Torrent Saurya Urja 2 Private Limited Report on Audit of the Financial Statements Page 6 of 6

12. The provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act are applicable only to public companies. Accordingly, reporting under Section 197(16) of the Act is not applicable to the Company.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration Number: 012754N/N500016

Viren Shah Partner Membership Number: 046521 UDIN: 23046521BGYDAW7122

Place: Ahmedabad Date: May 22, 2023

Annexure A to Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to in paragraph 11(f) of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Torrent Saurya Urja 2 Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023 Page 1 of 2

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements under clause (i) of sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act

1. We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of Torrent Saurya Urja 2 Private Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

2. The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ("the Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing deemed to be prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- 4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
- We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements.



Annexure A to Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to in paragraph 11(f) of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Torrent Saurya Urja 2 Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023 Page 2 of 2

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

6. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

8. In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by ICAI.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration Number: 012754N/N500016

Viren Shah Partner Membership Number: 046521 UDIN: 23046521BGYDAW7122

Place: Ahmedabad Date: May 22, 2023

Annexure B to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 10 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Torrent Saurya Urja 2 Private Limited on the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2023 Page 1 of 4

- (a) (A) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation, of Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - (B) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Company does not have any Intangible assets and accordingly, reporting under this Clause is not applicable.
 - (b) The Property, Plant and Equipment of the Company have been physically verified by the Management during the year and no material discrepancies have been noticed on such verification. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable.
 - (c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), as disclosed in Note 3 to the financial statements, are held in the name of the Company.
 - (d) The Company has chosen cost model for its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) and intangible assets. Consequently, the question of our commenting on whether the revaluation is based on the valuation by a Registered Valuer, or specifying the amount of change, if the change is 10% or more in the aggregate of the net carrying value of each class of Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets does not arise.
 - (e) Based on the information and explanations furnished to us, no proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) (formerly the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988)) and Rules made thereunder, and therefore the question of our commenting on whether the Company has appropriately disclosed the details in its financial statements does not arise.
- ii. (a) The Company is in the business of rendering services and, consequently, does not hold any inventory. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) During the year, the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores, in aggregate from banks and financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and accordingly, the question of our commenting on whether the quarterly returns or statements are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the Company does not arise.
- iii. The Company has not made any investments, granted secured/ unsecured loans/advances in nature of loans, or stood guarantee, or provided security to any parties. Therefore, the reporting under clause 3(iii), (iii)(a), (iii)(b), (iii)(c), (iii)(d), (iii)(e) and (iii)(f) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- iv. The Company has not granted any loans or made any investments or provided any guarantees or security to the parties covered under Sections 185 and 186. Therefore, the reporting under clause 3(iv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits referred in Sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the Act and the Rules framed there under to the extent notified.



Annexure B to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 10 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Torrent Saurya Urja 2 Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023 Page 2 of 4

- vi. The Central Government of India has not specified the maintenance of cost records under subsection (1) of Section 148 of the Act for any of the products of the Company.
- vii. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company is regular in depositing the undisputed statutory dues, including goods and services tax, income tax, cess, and other material statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- viii. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no transactions in the books of account that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account.
- ix. (a) According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest to any lender during the year.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared Wilful Defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not obtained any term loans.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company did not have any subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies during the year and accordingly, reporting under this clause 3(ix)(e) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company did not have any subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies during the year and accordingly, reporting under this clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
- x. (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partially or optionally convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



Annexure B to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 10 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Torrent Saurya Urja 2 Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023
Page 3 of 4

- xi. (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.
 - (b) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, a report under Section 143(12) of the Act, in Form ADT-4, as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 was not required to be filed with the Central Government. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (c) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, and as represented to us by the management, no whistle-blower complaints have been received during the year by the Company. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xii. As the Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it, the reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. The Company has entered into transactions with related parties in compliance with the provisions of Section 188 of the Act. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required under Indian Accounting Standard 24 "Related Party Disclosures" specified under Section 133 of the Act. Further, the Company is not required to constitute an Audit Committee under Section 177 of the Act and, accordingly, to this extent, the reporting under clause 3(xiii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiv. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
 - (b) The reports of the Internal Auditor for the period under audit have been considered by us.
- xv. The Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the reporting on compliance with the provisions of Section 192 of the Act under clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has not conducted non-banking financial / housing finance activities during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



Annexure B to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 10 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Torrent Saurya Urja 2 Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023 Page 4 of 4

- (d) Based on the information and explanations provided by the management of the Company, the Group has one CICs as part of the Group. We have not, however, separately evaluated whether the information provided by the management is accurate and complete.
- xvii. The Company has incurred cash losses of Rs. 5,91,071.85 hundred in the financial year and of Rs. 60,265.27 hundred in the immediately preceding financial year.

xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly the reporting under clause (xviii) is not applicable.

- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios (Also refer Note 27 to the financial statements), ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx. The provisions relating to Corporate Social Responsibility under Section 135 of the Act are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xxi. The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of Standalone Financial Statements. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in this report.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration Number: 012754N/N500016

Viren Shah Partner Membership Number: 046521 UDIN: 23046521BGYDAW7122

Place: Ahmedabad Date: May 22, 2023

TORRENT SAURYA URJA 2 PRIVATE LIMITED Balance Sheet

as at March 31, 2023		(Amount in hundreds)	(Amount in hundreds)
		As at	As at
	Notes		
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Assets			
Non-current assets			04.00.540.00
Property, plant and equipment	3	72,06,807.83	24,09,516.26
Capital work-in-progress	4	65,60,699.36	3,78,255.05
Financial assets			727271 1/28
Other Financial Asset	5	37,94,804.49	694.48
Deferred tax assets (net)	19	1,12,355.20	14,298.90
Other non-current assets	6	26,29,714.73	9,93,562.85
Other Horr-current assets		2,03,04,381.61	37,96,327.54
Current assets			
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	7	33,740.17	23,527.34
	8	2,176.38	429.98
Other current assets		35,916.55	23,957.32
			1900
		2,03,40,298.16	38,20,284.86
Equity and liabilities			
Equity		2000.20	F 000 00
Equity Share capital	9	5,000.00	5,000.00
Other equity	10	(5,43,042.91)	(48,104.65)
		(5,38,042.91)	(43,104.65)
Liabilities			80
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			0.70/2007/00/2007/00/2007/00/2007/00/2007
Borrowings	11	1,98,21,002.34	32,17,710.91
Trade payables	12		
Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises		•	· ·
Total outstanding dues other than micro and small enterprises		15,158.58	1,215.00
Other financial liabilities	13	9,96,681.08	6,08,238.89
Other current liabilities	14	45,499.07	36,224.71
Office Current natifities		2,08,78,341.07	38,63,389.51
		2,03,40,298.16	38,20,284.86
See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements	20		

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration Number: 012754N / N500016

Viren Shah

Partner Membership No.: 046521

In terms of our report attached

Place: Ahmedabad Date: May 22, 2023



Saurabh Mashruwala

Director DIN - 01786490

Place : Ahmedabad Date: May 22, 2023 Nisarg Shah Director DIN - 08812336

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Place : Ahmedabad Date: May 22, 2023

Statement of Profit and Loss

For the year ended on March 31, 2023

	Notes	(Amount in hundreds) For the year ended on March 31, 2023	(Amount in hundreds) For the year ended on March 31, 2022
Income Other income	15	*	
Total income			
Expenses	40	5,85,113.83	55,789.90
Finance costs	16	1,922.71	1,490.77
Depreciation and amortization expense	17 18	5,958.02	4,475.37
Other expenses	16	5,956.02	4,470.07
Total expenses		5,92,994.56	61,756.04
Loss before tax		(5,92,994.56)	(61,756.04)
Tax expenses	*	9-7-1-1990 to gastra and a constraint	
Current tax			
Deferred tax	19	(98,056.30)	(14,298.90)
Deletied tax		(98,056.30)	(14,298.90)
Loss for the year		(4,94,938.26)	(47,457.14)
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax)			-
Total comprehensive income for the year		(4,94,938.26)	(47,457.14)
Basic/diluted loss per share of face value of Rs.10 each (in Rs.) (Refer note 23)	(989.88)	(94.91)
See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements			
oce accompanying notes forming part of the manner statements			(1)

In terms of our report attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration Number: 012754N / N500016

Viren Shah Partner

Membership No.: 046521

Place: Ahmedabad Date: May 22, 2023



Saurabh Mashruwala

Director DIN - 01786490

Place : Ahmedabad Date: May 22, 2023 Nisarg Shah Director DIN - 08812336

Place : Ahmedabad Date: May 22, 2023

Statement of Cash Flow

For the year ended on March 31, 2023

	Note	(Amount in hundreds) For the year ended on March 31, 2023	(Amount in hundreds) For the year ended on March 31, 2022
Cash flow from operating activities			
Loss before tax		(5,92,994.56)	(61,756.04)
Adjustments for :	11 44 441		4 400 ==
Depreciation and amortization expense	17	1,922.71	1,490.77
Finance costs	16	5,85,113.83	55,789.90
Operating loss before working capital changes		(5,958.02)	(4,475.37)
Movement in working capital:			
Adjustments for (increase) in operating assets:			
Other non-current financial asset		660.00	(694.48)
Other current assets		1,746.40	(429.98)
Adjustments for increase in operating liabilities:			
Trade payables	12	2,113.76	604.99
Other current financial liabilities	13	46,006.98	1,83,660.00
Other current liabilities	14 _	9,274.36	36,187.21
Cash used in operations		53,843.48	2,14,852.37
Taxes paid	190	<u> </u>	-
Net cash used in operating activities	-	53,843.48	2,14,852.37
Cash flow from investing activities			
Payments for property, plant and equipment & capital work-in-progress		(1,00,33,795.47)	(33,58,246.04)
Security Deposit for Leasehold land	22	(60,24,000.00)	(5,578.99)
Net cash used in investing activities	-	(1,60,57,795.47)	(33,63,825.03)
Cash flow from financing activities			
Proceeds from short term borrowings		1,63,31,774.23	31,67,500.00
Repayments against borrowings		(2,55,000.00)	
Finance cost paid	<u> </u>	(62,609.41)	
Net cash generated from in financing activities	-	1,60,14,164.82	31,67,500.00
Net Increase in Cash and cash equivalents	7	10,212.83	18,527.34
Cash and cash equivalents as at beginning of the year		23,527.34	5,000.00
Cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year	_	33,740.17	23,527.34
		As at	As at
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Notes:			
 Cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year: 			
Cash and cash equivalents	<u> 240</u> 0		00 507 04
Balance in current accounts	7 _	33,740.17	23,527.34
	_	33,740.17	23,527.34

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

2. The Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' set out in Indian Accounting

In terms of our report attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration Number: 012754N / N500016

Viren Shah Partner

Membership No.: 046521

Place: Ahmedabad Date: May 22, 2023



Saurabh Mashruwala

Director

DIN - 01786490

Place: Ahmedabad Date: May 22, 2023 **Nisarg Shah**

Director

DIN - 08812336

Place: Ahmedabad Date: May 22, 2023



Statement of changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Amount in hundreds) As at March 31, 2023 A. Equity share capital (refer note 9) 5,000.00 Balance as at March 31, 2021 Issued During the Year 5,000.00 Balance as at March 31, 2022 Issued During the Year 5,000.00 Balance as at March 31, 2023 B. Other equity (refer note 10) (Amount in hundreds) As at March 31, 2023 Reserves and surplus Retained earnings (647.51)Balance as at March 31, 2021 (47,457.14)Loss for the year Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax) (47,457.14) Total comprehensive income for the period (48,104.65)Balance as at March 31, 2022 (48,104.65)Balance as at April 01, 2022 (4,94,938.26)Loss for the year Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax) (4,94,938.26) Total comprehensive income for the period (5,43,042.91) Balance as at March 31, 2023

In terms of our report attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration Number: 012754N / N500016

Viren Shah Partner Membership No.: 046521

Place: Ahmedabad Date: May 22, 2023



Saurabh Mashruwala

Director DIN - 01786490

Place: Ahmedabad Date: May 22, 2023 Nisarg Shah

Director

DIN - 08812336

Place: Ahmedabad Date: May 22, 2023

Note 1(a). General Information:

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Torrent Power Limited. The Company is a private company domiciled in India and is incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act applicable in India. The registered office of the Company is located at "Samanvay", 600-Tapovan, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad-380015.

1(b) New and amended standards adopted by the company

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs had vide notification dated March 23 2022 notified Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022 which amended certain accounting standards, and are effective April 1, 2022. These amendments did not have any impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

1(c) New and amended standards issued but not effective

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has vide notification dated March 31 2023 notified Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023 (the 'Rules') which amends certain accounting standards, and are effective April 1 2023. The Rules predominantly amend Ind AS 12, Income taxes, and Ind AS 1, Presentation of financial statements. The other amendments to Ind AS notified by these rules are primarily in the nature of clarifications. These amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the company in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

Note 2. Significant accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation:

a) Compliance with Ind AS

The financial statements are in compliance, in all material aspects, with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read with the [Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015] and other relevant provisions of the Act and rules made thereunder.

b) Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis under the historical cost convention.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as set out in the Schedule III (Division II) to the Companies Act, 2013.





2.2 Property, plant and equipment:

Freehold land is carried at historical cost. All other items of property, plant and equipment held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, are stated in the balance sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation.

Capital work in progress in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes is carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Cost includes purchase price, taxes and duties, labour cost and other directly attributable costs incurred upto the date the asset is ready for its intended use. Such property, plant and equipment are classified to the appropriate categories when completed and ready for intended use.

Subsequent cost are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Subsequent costs relating to day to day servicing of the item are not recognised in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment; rather, these costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value

Depreciation commences when the assets are ready for their intended use. Depreciation for the year is provided on additions / deductions of the assets during the period from / up to the month in which the asset is added / deducted. Depreciation on tangible assets which are governed as per the provisions of Part B of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 is provided on straight line basis using the depreciation rates.

The estimated useful life, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period in respect of tangible assets. The effect of any such change in estimate in this regard is accounted for on a prospective basis.

The useful life of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Class of assets	Useful life	
Office equipment	3 Year	Tree.

2.3 Cash and cash equivalents:

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes balances with banks.

2.4 Borrowing costs:

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition and construction of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use, such as new projects and / or specific assets created in the existing business, are capitalized up to the date of completion and ready for their intended use.

Other borrowing costs are charged to the statement of profit and loss in the period of their accrual.





2.5 Taxation:

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current Tax:

The tax currently payable is based on taxable income for the year in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expenses that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and revises the provisions, where consider necessary.

Advance taxes and provisions for current income taxes are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset and balance arises with same tax authority.

Deferred Tax:

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority.

Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

2.6 Earnings per share:

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit /(loss) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.





2.7 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets:

Provisions:

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

Contingent liability:

A possible obligation that arises from past events and the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the enterprise are disclosed as Contingent liability and not provided for. Such liability is not disclosed if the possibility of outflow of resources is remote.

2.8 Financial instruments:

Financial assets

i) Classification of financial assets (including debt instruments)

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and
- · those measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

ii) Initial measurement

Financial assets are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets (other than financial assets at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

iii) Subsequent measurement

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the debt instruments can be classified:





· Amortised cost:

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortised cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

• Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI):

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit and loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other gains/ (losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in other gains and losses and impairment expenses in other expenses.

· Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL):

Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss and presented net in the statement of profit and loss within other gains/(losses) in the period in which it arises. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.

iv) Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses associated with it's financial assets carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 18 only, the Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss and always measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

Further, for the purpose of measuring lifetime expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables, the Company has used a practical expedient as permitted under Ind AS 109. This expected credit loss allowance is computed based on historical credit loss experience.

v) Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset

When the entity has transferred an asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial assets is derecognised. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.





Where the entity has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of financial asset, the financial asset is derecognised if the Company has not retained control over the financial asset. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

2.9 Financial liabilities:

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables.

i) Classification

The Company financial liabilities, except for financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, are measured at amortized cost.

(ii) Initial measurement

Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the

acquisition or issue of financial liabilities (other than financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

ii) Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost using the Effective Interest Rate method.

The Effective Interest Rate Method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

iii) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or or waived off or have expired. An exchange between the Company and the lender of debt instruments with substantially different terms is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

2.10 Contributed equity:

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Transaction costs of an equity transaction shall be accounted for in other equity.

2.11 Leases:

Short term leases and leases of low value assets:

Payments associated with short-term leases of building and all leases of low-value assets are recognized on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise small value of building.





2.12 Rounding of amounts:

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest hundreds with two decimals as per the requirement of Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013, unless otherwise stated.

Note 2.a - Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the course of applying the policies outlined in all notes under note 2 above, the management of the Company is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Such estimates and associated assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future period, if the revision affects current and future periods.

2.a.1 Taxation:

Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses / credits to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. (Refer Note 19)





Torrent Saurya Urja 2 Private Limited Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

Note - 3: Property, plant and equipment

As at March 31, 2023

SAN II CITTORO		Gross	Gross carrying amount	unt			Accumulated Depreciation	Depreciation		Net Carrying Amount	
	As At April 01, 2.022	Additions during the	Additions Deduction furing the during the	Adjustment	As At March 31, 2,023	As At April 01, 2,022	For the year	Deduction during the year	As At March 31, 2,023	As At March 31, 2,023	As At March 31, 2,022
Freehold land	24,04,935.93	47,99,214.28	1	r	72,04,150.21	ı	Ť	4	•	72,04,150.21	24,04,935.93
Office Equipment	6,071.10	ı	Ť		6,071.10	1,490.77	1,922.71	1	3,413.48	2,657.62	4,580.33
Total	24 11 007 03	47 99 214 28		1	72,10,221.31	1,490.77	1,922.71	1	3,413.48	72,06,807.83	24,09,516.26

(Amount in hundreds)

As at March 31, 2022

SAD II OITANA		Gross	Gross carrying amount	int			Accumulated Depreciation	Depreciation		Net Carrying Amount	Amount
	As At April 01, 2,021	Additions during the period	Deduction during the period	Adjustment	As At March 31, 2,022	As At April 01, 2,021	For the year	Deduction during the year	As At March 31, 2,022	As At March 31; 2,022	As At March 31, 2,021
Freehold land	ı	24,04,935.93	1	J	24,04,935.93	1	ı	i.	ř	24,04,935.93	2.
Office Equipment	1	6,071.10	•	I.V.	6,071.10	•	1,490.77	î	1,490.77	4,580.33	ī
Total		24 11 007 03		,	24,11,007.03	1	1,490.77		1,490.77	24,09,516.26	

Note:

(1) Capital Commitment : Refer Note 20- for disclosure of contractual commitments for the acquisitions of property, plant and equipment





Torrent Saurya Urja 2 Private Limited Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

Note - 4: Capital Work in Progress

As at March 31, 2023

				(Am	ounts in Hundred)
Particulars	As at April 01, 2022	Additions during the year	Capitalised during the year	Adjustment	As at March 31, 2023
Capital work-in-progress	3,78,255.05	61,82,444.31	. (-	65,60,699.36
Total	3,78,255.05	61,82,444.31	-	•	65,60,699.36

As at March 31, 2022

					(Amounts In Hundred)
Particulars	As at April 01, 2021	Additions during the year	Capitalised during the year	Adjustment	As al March 31, 2022
Capital work-in-progress	-	3,78,255.05	-		3,78,255.05
Total		3,78,255.05		()=)	3,78,255.05

Notes:

Refer below CWIP aging.

CWIP include material, services charge and expenses allocated for project work.
 Refer Note 5 for addition in CWIP during the period.

4 Capital work in progress include loss of Rs. 2,293,808.30 hundred on initial recognition of security deposit at amortised cost (Refer note 5), adjusted by interest income from security deposit classified as amortised cost allocated of Rs. 64,578,31 hundred (P.Y - Rs.NiI) (Refer note 15) and borrowing costs of Rs.15,842.60 hundred (Refer Note 16).





Torrent Saurya Urja 2 Private Limited
Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

Note - 4 : Capital Work in Progress (Contd.)

1. Ageing table for capital-work-in progress (CWIP):

As at March 31,2023

(Amounts In Hundred)

		Amount In Ca	pital-Work-in P	rogress for	
CWIP	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in progress	61,82,444.31	3,78,255.05			65,60,699.36
Gross Total	61,82,444.31	3,78,255.05	- 000		65,60,699.36

As at March 31,2022

(Amounts In Hundred)

		Amount in C	apital-Work-in P	rogress for	
CWIP	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in progress	3,78,255.05		-	-	3,78,255.05
Gross Total	3,78,255.05	-		-	3,78,255.05

2. Completion Schedule for CWIP whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan:

As at March 31, 2023

There was no capital work in progress, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan.

As at March 31, 2022

There was no capital work in progress, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan.





	(Amounts In Hundred)	(Amounts In Hundred)
Note-5 : Other Non Current Financial Asset	10 10	50 St. 100 St.
	As at	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Unsecured (considered good unless stated otherwise)	27 04 804 40	694.48
Security deposits	37,94,804.49 37,94,804.49	694.48
Footnote:-	deed to Energy and Retrophomisple De	nadment for the period of F
1. The company has paid interest free refundable security deposit of Rs. 60,24,000 hur		
years for 3012 MW Renewable energy/wind/solar/wind-solar hybrid park at Kachchh.	The company needs to complete the	50% of the project within a
period of three years and 100% of the project in 5 years. Considering the term of	instrument based on guidance given u	inder Ind AS 109 Financial
instrument, the fair value of security deposit has been determined using the incremen		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
asset on an amortised cost basis.		
	(Amounts In Hundred)	(Amounts in Hundred)
	As at	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
nterest free security deposit	60,24,000.00	*
Less:- Capital work in progress (Loss on initial recognition of Security Deposit)	22,93,808.30	
	37,30,191.70	-
Add:- Interest income from security deposit (Refer note 15)	64,578.31	
and a microst moone non-socially aspess (1912)	37,94,770.01	
Note-6 : Other Non-current Assets		
	As at	As a
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022



Unsecured (considered good unless stated otherwise) Capital advances



26,29,714.73 26,29,714.73 9,93,562.85 9,93,562.85

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

Note-7 : Cash and Cash Equivalents	(Amount in hundreds) As at March 31, 2023	(Amount in hundreds) As at March 31, 2022
Balances with banks Balance in current accounts	33,740.17	23,527.34
	33,740.17	23,527.34
Note-8 : Other Current Assets		
, we have the same and the same	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Unsecured (considered good unless stated otherwise) Advances for goods and services	2,176.38 2,176.38	429.98 429.98





Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

Note-9 : Equity Share Capital	(Amount in hundreds)	(Amount in hundreds)
	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Authorised		
50,000 (50,000 equity shares as at March 31, 2022) equity shares of Rs.10 each	5,000.00 5,000.00	5,000.00 5,000.00
Issued, subscribed and paid up		
50,000 (50,000 equity shares as at March 31, 2022) equity shares of Rs.10 each	5,000.00 5,000.00	5,000.00 5,000.00
1 Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period :	*	
	No, of shares As at March 31, 2023	No. of shares As at March 31, 2022
At the beginning of the year	50,000.00	50,000.00

2 Shares held by holding company: 50,000 (50,000 as at March 31, 2022) equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up are held by holding company - Torrent Power Limited jointly with nominees.

3 Terms / Rights attached to equity shares :

At the beginning of the year Shares issued during the year

Outstanding at the end of the year

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend, if any, proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

4 Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company :

	Name of the Shareholder			As at March 31, 2023		As at As at March 31, 2023 March 31, 2	
				No. of shares	% holding	No. of shares	% holding
	Torrent Power Limited (Jointly with nominees)			50,000	100.00%	50,000	100.00%
5	Details of shareholding of Promoters in the Company : Shares held by promoters at the end of the year						
	Promoter name	No. of shares		% changes during the year	No. of shares	% of total shares	% changes during the period
1	Torrent Power Limited (Jointly with Nominee)	50,000	100.000%		50,000	100.000%	0.00%
	(Johnsy Will Norminee)	50000	100.000%		50000	100,000%	
N	ote-10 : Other Equity	*				(Amount In hundreds) As at March 31, 2023	(Amount in hundreds) As at March 31, 2022
	Reserves and surplus Retained earnings					(5,43,042.91) (5,43,042.91)	(48,104.65) (48,104.65)

Notes:

1 Retained earnings:

The retained earnings reflects the profit/(loss) of the company earned till date net of appropriations. The amount that can be distributed by the Company as dividends to its equity shareholders is determined based on the balance in this reserve, after considering the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013.





50,000.00

50,000.00

Note-11 : Current Borrowings			(Amount in hundreds)	(Amount in hundreds)
*			As at	As at
			March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Unsecured loans - at amortised cost				
Loans from related party (including interest accrued Rs. 5,26,517.20 hundreds as on	i)			
March 31, 2023 (Rs. 50,210.91 as on March 31, 2022) (Refer note - 25)			19,821,002.34	3,217,710.91
			19,821,002.34	3,217,710.91
Notes		-		
Loan taken from Torrent Power Limited (including interest accrued thereon) is repayal	ble on ear	lier of Bank loar	disbursement receipt or general	ation of revenue after

Loan taken from Torrent Power Limited (including interest accrued thereon) is repayable on earlier of Bank loan disbursement receipt or generation of revenue after achieving commercial operation date of the project.

64,7100	2000		
Nat	doht	roconci	liation:

(Amount in hundreds) (Amo	ount in hundreds)
An at	
AS AL	As at
March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Cash and cash equivalents 33,740.17	23,527.34
Current borrowings (including interest accrued) 19,821,002.34	3,217,710.91
19,854,742.51	3,241,238.25
Other assets Liabilities from financing activities Total Cash and cash	
equivalents Current borrowings	
Net balance as at March 31, 2021 5,000.00 -	5,000.00
Cash flows 18,527.34 3,167,500.00	3,186,027.34
Interest expense - 55,789.90	55,789.90
Interest paid -5,578.99	-5,578.99
Net balance as at March 31, 2022 23,527.34 3,217,710.91	3,241,238.25
Cash flows 10,212.83 16,076,774.23	16,086,987.06
Interest expense - 585,019.11	585,019.11
Interest paid58,501.91	-58,501.91
Net balance as at March 31, 2023 33,740.17 19,821,002.34	19,854,742.51





Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

W	(Amount in hundreds)	(Amount in hundreds)
Note-12 :Trade Payables	As at	As at
ž.	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Trade payables for goods and services		
Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises (Refer Note - 21)		<u> </u>
Total outstanding dues other than micro and small enterprises	15,158.58	1,215.00
	15,158.58	1,215.00
Note:		2

Refer Below Trade Payable Ageing

			As at March 31, 2023					
	Particulars	Out	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
	(E)	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 1 year	Total			
	Undisputed dues							
i)	-MSME		-	with the control of t				
ii)	-Others	1,290.60	-	13,867.98	15,158.58			
	Grand Total	1,290.60		13,867.98	15,158.58			

	Particulars		As at March 31, 2022 Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
	Particulars	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 1 year	Total		
	Undisputed dues				3		
i)	-MSME						
ii)	-Others	1,215.00	-	-	1,215.00		
-	Grand Total	1,215.00		-	1,215.00		

Note-13: Other Current Financial Liabilities

*	As at	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Security Deposits from Party	229,666.98	183,660.00
Payables on purchase of property, plant and equipment	767,014.10	424,578.89
	996,681.08	608,238.89
Note-14 : Other Current Liabilities		487
	As at	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Statutory dues (tax deducted at source)	45,499.07	36,224.71
at	45,499.07	36,224.71





Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

Note-15 : Other Income	(Amount in hundreds)	(Amount in hundreds)
	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Interest Income for financial assets classified as amortised cost		
Interest income from security deposit	64,578.31	
	64,578.31	¥
Less: Allocated to capital works		
	64,578.31	
the state of the s		-
		10
Note-16 : Finance Costs		
v	Van Fadad	Year Ended
	Year Ended March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
	Water 31, 2023	Water or, 2022
Interest expense for financial liabilities classified as amortised cost		
Interest on loan for related party (Refer Note 25)	5,85,019.11	55,789.90
Other borrowing costs	15,937.32	
Citics bottoming source	6,00,956.43	55,789.90
Less: Allocated to capital works		
	15,842.60	
	5,85,113.83	55,789.90
Note-17: Depreciation and Amortisation Expense		
	V 1 1	Veer Ended
	Year Ended	Year Ended March 31, 2022
	March 31, 2023	Maich 51, 2022
Depreciation expense on property, plant and equipment	1,922.71	1,490.77
Depleciation expense on property, plant and equipment	1,922.71	1,490.77
Note-18 : Other Expense	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
	Walcii 51, 2025	March 01, 2022
Rent (Refer note 28)	4,434.00	5,097.79
Insurance	1,048.06	ie.
Vehicle running expenses	21,474.94	4,409.07
Adverstisement expenses	14,622.16	1,631.81
Security expenses	7,718.40	
Food and accomodation expense	1,615.22	1,679.25
Travelling Expense	763.36	593.34
Auditors remuneration (Refer note -22)	1,262.60	1,180.00
Legal, professional and consultancy fees	84,973.36	3,852.86
Miscellaneous expenses	1,193.60	87.03
23	1,39,105.70	18,531.15
Less: Allocated to capital works	4 00 447 00	44.055.70
	1,33,147.68	14,055.78
	5,958.02	4,475.37





Note	19: Income tax expenses	(Amount in Hundreds)	(Amount in Hundreds)
(a)	Income tax expense recognised in statement of profit and loss	(Amount in Hundreds)	(Alloune in Financiacia)
		Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
	Current tax :		
	Current tax on (loss)/profit for the year		Marian management
	Deferred tax:		
	(Increase)/ Decrease in deferred tax assets	(98,395.00)	(14,298.90)
	(Increase)/ Decrease in deferred tax liabilities	338.70	-
		(98,056.30)	(14,298.90)
	Income tax expense	(98,056.30)	(14,298.90)
(b)	Reconciliation of income tax expense		
		Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
	Loss before tax	(5,92,994.56)	(61,756.04)
	Expected income tax expense calculated using tax rate at 17.16% (Previous year 25.168%)	(1,01,757.87)	(15,542.76)
	Adjustment to reconcile expected income tax expense to reported income tax expense:		
	Other items	(848.08)	1,243.86
	Effect on deferred tax balance due to change in enacted income tax rate	4,549.65	
	Total expenses as per statement of Profit and Loss	(98,056.30)	(14,298.90)

The tax rate used for the reconciliations given above is the actual / enacted corporate tax rate payable by corporate entities in india on taxable profits under the Indian tax law.





Note 19: Income tax expenses (Contd.)

(Amount in Hundreds) (Amount in Hundreds)

Recognised in Other Comprehensive Income

(c) Deferred tax balances

Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets

Property, plant and equipment Capital Work in Progress

(i) The following is the analysis of deferred tax assets / (liabilities) presented in the balance sheet

			As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Deferred tax liabilities			1,12,436.20 (81.00)	14,298.90
Deleti ed tax natintes		_	1,12,355.20	14,298.90
(ii) Movement of deferred tax assets and flabilities				
Deferred tax assets / (liabilities) in relation to the period ended March 31, 2023				(Amount in Hundreds)
Deferred tax assets	Opening balance	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	Closing balance
Capital Work in Progress	14,041.20	95,229.99	į	1,09,271.19
Business Loss and Preliminary Expense	14,041.20	3,165.01 98,395.00		3,165.01 1,12,436.20
Deferred tax liabilities	Opening balance	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	Closing balance
Property, plant and equipment	257.70	(338.70)		(81.00)
	257.70	(338.70)		(81.00)
Net Deferred Tax Assets	14,298,90	98,056.30		1,12,355.20
Deferred tax assets / (liabilities) in relation to the year ended March 31, 2022			20	

Opening balance

Recognised in profit or loss

257.70 14,041.20

14,298.90





Closing balance

257.70

14,041.20

14,298.90

Note 20: Commitments	(Amount in Hundreds)	(Amount in Hundreds)
	As at March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for (net of advances) Property, plant and equipment	60,83,043.15	31,15,729.41

Note 21: Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act, 2006)

There are no Micro and Small Enterprises, to whom the Company owes dues, which are outstanding as at the Balance Sheet date. The above information has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company. This has been relied upon by the auditors. No interest is paid/payable during the year and no amount is outstanding at the year end.





31,15,729.41

60,83,043.15

Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended on March 31, 2023

M-4- 00-	A	remuneration	flooding!	townst

(Amount in Hundreds)	ds)	Hundre	In	(Amount	-
----------------------	-----	--------	----	---------	---

(Amount in Hundreds)

As auditor

Audit fees

As at March 31, 2023

As at March 31, 2022

1,262.60

1,180.00

1,262.60

1,180.00

Note 23: Earnings per share

As at March 31, 2023

As at March 31, 2022

Basic earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share

(989.88)

(94.91)

(989.88)

(94.91)

Basic and diluted earnings per share

The earnings and weighted average number of equity shares used in the calculation of basic earnings per share are as follows:

As at March 31, 2023

As at March 31, 2022

Loss for the year attributable to the Company used in calculation of basis earning per share

Weighted average number of equity shares (in hundreds)

(4,94,938.26)

(47,457.14)

500.00

The Company does not have any dilutive potential ordinary shares and therefore diluted earning per share is the same as basic earning per share.

Note 24: Operating segment

The Company does not have any revenue from operations in the current year. The Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) evaluates the Company's performance and applies the resources to whole of the Company business and hence the Company does not have any reportable segment as per Ind AS - 108 "Operating Segments".





Note 25: Related party disclosures

(a) Names of related parties and description of relationship:

-	Parent Company	Torrent Power Limited
_		Torrent Investments Private Limited
7	2 Ultimate parent company	(Formerly Known as Torrent Private Limited)
L		Saurabh Mashruwala
-		Nisarg Shah
ა	Non Executive Directors	Jigish Mehta
		Lachman Lalwani





Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended on March 31, 2023 TORRENT SAURYA URJA 2 PRIVATE LIMITED

Note 25: Related party disclosures (Contd.)

	(Amount in Hundreds)	(Amount in Hundreds)
(b) Related party transactions	Parent (Parent Company
	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Nature of transactions		
Rent Expense	434.40	477.79
Torrent Power Limited	434.40	477.79
Security deposit given	ı	34.48
Torrent Power Limited	1	34.48
Utilisation of non fund based limit	58,24,800	ı
Torrent Power Limited	58,24,800	Ī
Expenses incurred on behalf of	15,919.61	1
Torrent Power Limited	15,919.61	ı
Interest Expense on Loan	5,85,019.11	55,789.90
Torrent Power Limited	5,85,019.11	55,789.90
Loan repaid	2,55,000.00	1
Torrent Power Ltd.	2,55,000.00	1
Loan Taken	1,63,31,774.27	31,67,500.00
Torrent Power Limited	1,63,31,774.27	31,67,500.00





Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended on March 31, 2023 TORRENT SAURYA URJA 2 PRIVATE LIMITED

Note 25: Related party disclosures (Contd.)

	(Amount in Hundreds)	(Amount in Hundreds)
(c) Related party balances	Parent C	Parent Company
	As at	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Balances at the end of the year		
Expenses incurred on behalf of	11,829.82	-
Torrent Power Limited	11,829.82	
Utilisation of non fund based limit	39,78,000.00	
Torrent Power Limited	39,78,000.00	1
Security Deposit	34.48	34.48
Torrent Power Limited	34.48	34.48
Loan Payable (including interest accrued)	1,98,21,002.34	4 32,17,710.91
Torrent Power Limited	1,98,21,002.34	4 32,17,710.91

(d) Terms and conditions of outstanding balances

The transactions with related parties are made in the normal course of business on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions





Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended on March 31, 2023

Note 26: Financial instruments and risk review

(a) Capital Management

The Company manages its capital structure to ensure that the Company will be able to continue as going concern while maximizing the return to stakeholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance.

The Company's capital structure is represented by equity (comprising issued capital, retained earnings and other reserves as detailed in notes 9 & 10) and borrowings as detailed in Note No. 11

The Company's management reviews the capital structure of the Company on annual basis. As part of this review, the management considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital.

Gearing ratio

The gearing ratio at end of the reporting period was as follows.

(Amount in Hundreds)

As at

March 31, 2023

(Amount in Hundreds)

March 31, 2023

	maion or, 2020	
Debt	1,98,21,002.34	32,17,710.91
Equity	(5,38,042.91)	(43,104.65)
Net debt to equity ratio	(36.84)	(74.65)

- (i) Equity is defined as Equity share capital + other equity
- (ii) Debt is defined as all debt outstanding

(b) Categories of financial instruments

) Categories of financial instruments				
	(Amount in H	lundred)	(Amount in Hu	ndred)
	As at		As at	
	March 31,	2023	March 31, 2	022
	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value
Financial assets				
Measured at amortised Cost				
Cash and cash equivalents	33,740.17	33,740.17	23,527.34	23,527.34
Other Non current financial assets	37,94,804,49	37,94,804.49	694.48	694.48
	38,28,544.66	38,28,544.66	24,221.82	24,221.82
Financial liabilities				
Measured at amortised Cost				
Borrowing	1,98,21,002.34	1,98,21,002.34	32,17,710.91	32,17,710.91
Trade payable	15,158.58	15,158.58	1,215.00	1,215.00
Other financial liabilities	9,96,681.08	9,96,681.08	6,08,238.89	6,08,238.89
Otto manda nasmiss	2.08,32,842.00	2,08,32,842.00	38,27,164.80	38,27,164.80

(c) Fair value measurement

The fair value hierarchy is based on inputs to valuation techniques that are used to measure fair value that are either observable or unobservable and consists of the following three levels:

Level 1:

Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2:

Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is

directly or indirectly observable

Level 3:

Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

(d) Financial risk management objectives

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations, routine and projects capital expenditure. The Company's principal financial assets include advances, other financial asset and cash and cash equivalents that derive directly from its operations.

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks viz regulatory risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, liquidity risk etc. The Company's primary focus is to foresee the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimize potential adverse effects on its financial performance. The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. It advises on financial risks and the appropriate financial risk governance framework for the Company.





Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended on March 31, 2023

Note 26: Financial instruments and risk review

(d) Financial risk management objectives (contd.)

Interest rate risk

The Company's borrowings are on a fixed rate of interest.

(Amount in Hundred)	
As at	As at
March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023
31,67,500.00	1,60,76,774.27
31,67,500.00	1,60,76,774.27

Liquidity risk

Fixed rate borrowings

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company is unable to meet its obligations as they fall due because it has inadequate funding or is unable to liquidate its assets. The Company manages liquidity risk by preparing cash flow forecasts and by ensuring it has sufficient funding to meet its forecast cash demands.

Liquidity tables

The following tables detail the Company's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Company can be required to pay.

As	at	Marc	h 31	, 2023

			(Am	ount in Hundreds)
	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 year	5 years and above	Tota
Current financial liabilities				
Current Borrowings (including interest accrued)	1,98,21,002.34		-	1,98,21,002.34
Trade payables	15,158.58		₹	15,158.58
Other financial liabilities	9,96,681.08		market Brown	9,96,681.08
Other illiandar habilities	2,08,32,842.00			2,08,32,842.00
Total financial liabilities	2,08,32,842.00	-		2,08,32,842.00
As at March 31, 2022				
As at March 31, 2022	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 year	5 years and above	Tota
4			5 years and above	
Current financial liabilities Current Borrowings	Less than 1 year 32,17,710.91		5 years and above	32,17,710.91
Current financial liabilities Current Borrowings			5 years and above - -	32,17,710.91 1,215.00
Current financial liabilities Current Borrowings Trade payables	32,17,710.91	and 5 year		Tota 32,17,710.91 1,215.00 6,08,238.89
Current financial liabilities Current Borrowings	32,17,710.91 1,215.00	and 5 year		32,17,710.91 1,215.00





Note 27: Financial Ratios

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	Variance (%)	Remarks for variation more than 25%
(a) Current Ratio	0.00	0.01	-72.26%	Decrease due to increase in borrowing taken for Capital Projects.
(b) Debt-Equity Ratio	(36.84)	(74.65)	-50.65%	Decrease due to increase in borrowing taken for Capital Projects and increase in losses due to finance cost of above borrwoings
(c) Debt Service Coverage Ratio	0.005	0.003	52.20%	Increase in ratio is due to increase in borrowings
(d) Return on Equity Ratio (e) Return on Capital employed	. 91.99% -0.04%	110.10% -0.19%	-16.45% -78.35%	Decrease due to increase in borrowing taken for Capital Projects and increase in losses due to finance cost of above borrwolngs

Average Shareholder's Equity

Explanations to items included in computing the above ratios:

(a) Current Ratio	Numerator Denominator	Current Assets Current Liabilites	
(b) Debt-Equity Ratio	Numerator Denominator	Total Debt Shareholder's Equity	

Total Debt = All long term debt outstanding Shareholder's Equity = Equity share capit		
(c) Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Numerator Net Profit after taxes +dep Interest	
	Denominator	Principal and Interest on loan
(d) Return on Equity Ratio	Numerator	Net Profits after taxes

Average Shareholder's Equity = Equity share capital + Other equity

(e) Return on Capital employed	Numerator	Earning before interest and taxes
	Denominator	Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt

Denominator





	(A	mount in Hunarea)
	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
18 18	434.40 3,999.60	477.79 4,620.00
	4,434.00	5,097.79
	9.0	Year ended March 31, 2023 18 434.40 18 3,999.60

Note 29: Additional Regulatory Information Required by Schedule III

- a) No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) (formerly the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988)) and Rules made thereunder during the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022.
- b) There are no revaluation made during the current year or previous year for Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Asset.
- c) The Company has not obtained the borrowings from banks and financial institutions during the current year or previous period.
- d) There are no immovable property whose title deed is not held in the name of the Company.
- e) The Company has not granted loans or advance in nature of loans to promoters, directors, KMPs and other related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person.
- f) The Company has not obtained borrowings from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and accordingly there is no requirement of submitting the quarterly returns or statements of current assets.
- g) The Company has not been declared Wilful Defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority during the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022.
- h) There are no charges or satisfactions which were to be registered with the Registrar of Companies during the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022.
- i) The Company is in compliance with number of layers of companies in accordance with clause 87 of Section 2 of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017 during the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022.
- j) The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement approved by the Competent Authority in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013 during the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022.
- k) During the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, the Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Intermediary shall:
 - a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.
- I) During the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, the Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:

a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or

- b) Provide any guarantee, security, or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.
- m) During the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed as income any transactions not recorded in the books of accounts in the course of tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
- n) Provision of section 135 of the act are not applicable to the company.

o) The ...of invested or traded in C

March ?

AhmadabaS

...of invested or traded in Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency during the year ender

ed March 31, 2023

p) The Company does not have any transactions with the companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956 during the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022.

Note 30: Previous year figures

Previous year figures have been regrouped and reclassified wherever necessary to make them comparable with those of the current year's figures.

Note 31: Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved for issue by the board of directors on May 22, 2023.

Signature to Note 1 to 31

In terms of our report attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 012754N / N500016

Viren Shah Partner

Membership No.: 046521

Place: Ahmedabad Date: May 22, 2023



Saurabh Mashruwala Director

DIN - 01786490

Nisarg Shah Director

DIN - 08812336

Place: Ahmedabad Date: May 22, 2023 Place: Ahmedabad

Date: May 22, 2023